

2024年12月六级真题（第一套）

答案解析-由学姐制作-仅供参考

Part I Writing

题目回顾：

To increase the likelihood of success, one should set realistic goals and work persistently towards them.

写作思路：

- **开篇：**直接抄写给定句子，点明现实目标与坚持不懈是成功的核心要素。
- **主体：**可从设定现实目标的重要性（避免焦虑与盲目）、坚持的价值（克服困难与积累经验）、二者结合如何产生协同效应等角度展开，结合个人经历或社会实例。
- **结尾：**总结现实目标与坚持的关系，鼓励读者在追求梦想的道路上脚踏实地、持之以恒。

参考范文：

To increase the likelihood of success, one should set realistic goals and work persistently towards them. This principle is fundamental in both academic and professional pursuits. Setting realistic goals provides a clear and achievable direction, preventing us from becoming overwhelmed by vague ambitions. For instance, a student who aims to improve their grades by one level each semester is more likely to succeed than one who vaguely wishes to be the top of the class. However, a goal, no matter how realistic, is merely a dream without persistent effort. Persistence means staying committed despite setbacks and challenges. It is the daily discipline of moving forward, even when progress seems slow. When realistic goals and persistence are combined, they create a powerful synergy. Realistic goals give persistence a clear purpose, while persistence turns those goals into reality. Therefore,

whether in study, career, or personal life, we should cultivate both the wisdom to set achievable targets and the resilience to pursue them relentlessly. This balanced approach is the most reliable path to lasting success.

Part II Listening Comprehension

听力部分需借助录音作答，以下提供参考答案及简要解析。由于录音缺失，解析基于选项语义和常见对话逻辑。

Section A Long Conversations

Conversation One (Q1-4)

1 **D** 2 **A** 3 **C** 4 **A**

1. **D** — 对话主题可能是工作表现评估，D项“Discussing the woman's annual performance review”最符合。A项“准备面试”虽也涉及评价，但语境不符；B项“撰写报告”和C项“讨论公司问题”均不准确。
2. **A** — 可能讨论管理风格，A项“The overall culture of the company”与工作环境相关，符合职场对话逻辑。
3. **C** — 问题可能涉及“inappropriate behavior at company meetings”，与职场行为相关。
4. **A** — 建议“To avoid offending the recipients”符合职场沟通中的委婉原则。

Conversation Two (Q5-8)

5 **D** 6 **C** 7 **A** 8 **B**

5. **D** — 目标可能是“Have a profound impact on people around her”，体现职业抱负。
6. **C** — 父母可能“tried to create a positive learning environment”，与家庭教育相关。
7. **A** — 某一医学分支“is a key medical branch conducive to realizing her dreams”，符合职业规划讨论。
8. **B** — 对某一领域的评价可能是“Competitive”，与医学领域的实际情况吻合。

Section B Passages

Passage One (Q9-11)

9 C 10 B 11 A

9. C — 主题可能是密码安全，C项“To reduce the intricacy of the password itself”与简化密码相关。

10. B — 目的可能是“Help people remember their passwords”，符合密码管理软件的功能。

11. A — 建议可能是“Innovate technologies to ensure the safety of users' accounts”，与网络安全话题一致。

Passage Two (Q12-15)

12 C 13 B 14 D 15 A

12. C — 可能因健身“fell into a slump”而寻求改变，与健身相关。

13. B — 训练应用可能“Design personalised training programmes”，符合应用功能。

14. D — 训练“keep her focused on her goal”，与坚持训练相关。

15. A — 结论可能是“They will not be able to take the place of human personal trainers”，体现人工智能与人类教练的对比。

Section C Recordings (Q16-25)

16 C 17 B 18 D 19 B 20 A 21 D 22 C 23 C
24 C 25 D

16. C — 主题可能是“All societies are kept together by seven basic moral rules”，与道德研究相关。

17. B — 研究目的可能是“find out whether different societies had different versions of morality”，符合跨文化研究。

18. D — 建议可能是“Carry out systematic field studies to gather new data”，体现实证研究精神。

19. B — 可能讨论“They can activate our brain functions in a most direct fashion”，与感官体验相关。

20. **A** — 可能“attracts food companies' growing attention”，与商业趋势相关。
21. **D** — 目的可能是“Enrich the eating experience”，与美食体验相关。
22. **C** — 可能讨论“Meaning”，与人生意义相关。
23. **C** — 可能“They can affect people's experience of meaning”，与意义感相关。
24. **C** — 研究可能“analysed cases from a daily poll of US residents”，与数据分析相关。
25. **D** — 可能“be less adversely impacted by failure to achieve a purpose”，与心理韧性相关。

Part III Reading Comprehension

Section A Banked Cloze

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|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|
| 26 | O | 27 | B | 28 | A | 29 | J | 30 | L | 31 | D |
| 32 | E | 33 | K | 34 | N | 35 | M | | | | |

26. **O (thrifty)** — 句意：“节俭对某些人来说不再是一种美德。” *thrifty* 表示“节俭的”，与后文的奢侈消费形成对比。
27. **B (extravagantly)** — “有些人挥霍无度”，*extravagantly* 表示“奢侈地、挥霍地”。
28. **A (appeal)** — “简朴的乡村生活对我来说仍然具有吸引力”，*appeal* 表示“吸引力”。
29. **J (mingle)** — “有机会与暴发户交往”，*mingle* 表示“交往、交际”。
30. **L (rage)** — “整个世界都狂热于借贷和消费”，*rage* 表示“狂热、风行”。
31. **D (irony)** — “但讽刺的是他们向我们借钱”，*irony* 表示“讽刺”。
32. **E (layman)** — “尽管我是个经济学外行”，*layman* 表示“外行”。
33. **K (predator)** — “使借款人变成掠夺者”，*predator* 表示“掠夺者”。
34. **N (shrewd)** — “那些精明的人”，*shrewd* 表示“精明的”。
35. **M (scrape)** — “不得不勉强维持生计”，*scrape* 表示“勉强维持”。

Section B Long Reading Matching

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|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|
| 36 | F | 37 | C | 38 | G | 39 | J | 40 | O | 41 | D |
| 42 | H | 43 | K | 44 | E | 45 | L | | | | |

- 36. F** — F段: “There is no food insecurity in the world, there is food ignorance”, 对应题干“如果我们摒弃对本土作物的无知, 就能保障粮食安全”。
- 37. C** — C段: “just four crops...provide two-thirds of the world's food supply”, 对应题干“全球大部分粮食供应来自少数几种作物”。
- 38. G** — G段: “women farmers...grew...crops in their backyards...when the big crops failed”, 对应题干“当主要作物歉收时, 非洲妇女在后院种植本地作物”。
- 39. J** — J段: “Since the 'green revolution'...high-yielding crops have dominated modern agriculture”, 对应题干“自上世纪绿色革命以来, 高产作物主导现代农业”。
- 40. O** — O段: “Climate change...tastes are going to be forced to change...get used to eating other crops”, 对应题干“当主粮作物产量下降时, 我们将不得不适应食用替代作物”。
- 41. D** — D段: “By 2050...produce 50% more food...without contributing to climate change calls for urgent solutions”, 对应题干“必须采取紧急措施在不加剧气候变化的情况下提供粮食”。
- 42. H** — H段: “Colonial powers...punished African women who grew bambara groundnut”, 对应题干“殖民统治通过惩罚种植本地作物的非洲人使本地作物边缘化”。
- 43. K** — K段: “marginalisation...colonial rule...African women who grew bambara groundnut were actually punished”, 对应题干“殖民统治通过惩罚种植本地作物的非洲人使本地作物边缘化”。
- 44. E** — E段: “Bringing back the variety of crops...boosts food security at a time warming climates threaten existing crops”, 对应题干“带回被遗忘的作物可增加粮食安全”。
- 45. L** — L段: “studying the impact of higher temperatures and carbon dioxide levels on the nutritional make-up of alternative crops”, 对应题干“研究人员正在研究高温和二氧化碳水平对替代作物营养成分的影响”。

Section C Reading Passages

Passage One — Horror and Human Nature

46 **B** 47 **B** 48 **A** 49 **C** 50 **D**

- 46. B** — 第一段描述观众“clearly in a state of high arousal”、“elevated heart rate”、“occasionally glance around nervously”, 这些体征表明他们处于极度兴奋状态。

- 47. B** — 第八段: “My research suggests that we humans evolved to find pleasure in situations that allow us to experience negative emotions in a safe context.” 即他们通过模拟可怕的经历获得乐趣。
- 48. A** — 第九段: “This simulation gives the child crucial information about how to avoid becoming prey”, 即如何避免成为攻击者的猎物。
- 49. C** — 第十一段: “Horror is pleasurable...because it lets us play with negative emotions and develop coping strategies. We learn what it feels like to be truly afraid, and we learn how to handle negative emotion.” 即让他们了解恐惧的感觉并学会如何应对。
- 50. D** — 末段: “you'll probably experience a strong sense of mastery, a sense that you were able to make it through an appalling experience.” 即强烈的掌控感。

Passage Two — Social Media and Beauty

51 **D** 52 **C** 53 **A** 54 **C** 55 **B**

- 51. D** — 第一段末: “In the digital arena, social media determines what is considered beautiful.” 即美由社交媒体定义。
- 52. C** — 第二段: “In the physical world, the struggle goes against the underlying pressure exerted on women to conform to an unrealistic beauty ideal.” 即一场消除女性遵循不切实际审美标准压力的斗争正在进行。
- 53. A** — 第五段: “Today, however, the Instagram face has become the new beauty ideal.” 即Instagram脸已成为新的审美标准。
- 54. C** — 第八段: “One of the significant consequences of obsessive filtering is the emerging tendency to treat oneself as an object to be observed and valued.” 即将自己的身体视为被观察和评判的对象。
- 55. B** — 末段: “the only thing that can fix it is not cosmetic intervention, but mental health care.” 即应该引入心理干预来缓解。

Part IV Translation

题目原文:

北斗 (Beidou) 卫星导航系统的成功研制是中国自改革开放以来取得的一项重大科技成就。研发人员经过不懈努力, 攻克了一系列技术难题, 北斗系统最终实现了全球覆盖和高精度定位, 使中国成为世界上少数几个独立拥有全球卫星导航系

统的国家之一。北斗系统已广泛应用于交通运输、交通救援、天气预报、公共安全等诸多领域。北斗系统现在已经在国际上得到广泛认可，开始为越来越多的国家和地区提供优质服务。

参考译文：

The successful development of the Beidou satellite navigation system is a major technological achievement China has made since the reform and opening-up. Through unremitting efforts, researchers overcame a series of technical difficulties, and the Beidou system ultimately achieved global coverage and high-precision positioning, making China one of the few countries in the world to independently possess a global satellite navigation system. The Beidou system has been widely applied in many fields such as transportation, traffic rescue, weather forecasting, and public safety. The Beidou system has now gained wide international recognition and has begun to provide quality services to an increasing number of countries and regions.

翻译要点：重大科技成就“major technological achievement”；不懈努力“unremitting efforts”；攻克技术难题“overcome technical difficulties”；全球覆盖“global coverage”；高精度定位“high-precision positioning”；广泛应用“widely applied”；国际认可“international recognition”；优质服务“quality services”。