
剑桥雅思 13 写作范文【Test 1-4】汇总

力荐雅思写作备考资料

书籍名称：《雅思写作范文库+满分作文精析》

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特点：

- 1) 严格参照剑雅真题，每个题目都提供了相应的范文
- 2) 对范文进行详细地剖析，涉及话题和题型分类、题目的分析、段落分析、满分要素（语言表达、逻辑结构）的分析等。
- 3) 在每篇作文之后，提供了一篇同类话题的练习，考生可尝试写作，并进入智课网，会有专门的教师对考生的习作进行评测。

剑 13 Test1 Task1

From the first map, there was a main road named Hospital Road running from the south to the north, on both sides of the road lay three bus stops. The city hospital was right at the end of Hospital Road, which was surrounded by the Ring Road.

The roads witnessed a huge alteration after the construction work in the past three years. In 2010, a new public car park was constructed next to the city hospital. Two roundabouts were paved at the entrance and exit of the Hospital Road. On its west side, the preceding bus stops has been transformed into a bus station. On the other side, the bus stops and car park were replaced by a new staff car park.

To sum up, the road access to the city hospital has changed significantly for the citizens after the construction work, more new car parks have been added in this area. Meanwhile, the city hospital, the Ring Road and City Road have been well-preserved.

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剑 13 Test 2 Task1

The bar chart illustrates how the proportions of households that lived in owned and rented accommodation in England and Wales changed from 1918 to 2011.

Before 1971, more households lived in rented accommodation than in owned accommodation. The biggest gap was in 1918, when 77% households rented. The same proportions (68%) of households lived in owned accommodation in 1939 and 1953. In 1961, there were as many as 40% of households in owned accommodation. Finally, the year 1971 witnessed equal proportions of households that lived in both types of accommodation.

On the other hand, there were more households that lived in owned accommodation than in rented accommodation after 1971. In 1991 and 2001, households in owned accommodation more than doubled those in rented accommodation. The difference was less prominent in 1981 and 2001, when about 60% of households lived in owned accommodation.

It is clear that, while there was an increase in the percentage of households in owned accommodation in these two nations, fewer and fewer households rented.

剑 13 Test3 Task1

The bar chart presents data relating to the quantities of electricity (measured in billions of kilowatts per hour) produced and used in 2014 by the ten countries in the world that produce and use the greatest amount of electricity.

It is clear that China and the USA are the biggest producers and users of electricity by far. Except for Germany, all the countries in question produce more electricity than they use, though the differences are generally not large.

China and the USA produced around 5,400 billion kWh and around 4,100 billion kWh of electricity respectively. Further, both nations used only fractionally less than this sum. Russia, Japan and India occupied positions three, four and five in the top ten,

with corresponding consumption figures ranging between 1,057 billion and 871 billion with respect to generation and ranging from 1,038 billion to just under 700 billion for usage.

The final five places in the top ten were occupied (in descending order) by Canada, France, Brazil, Germany and the Republic of Korea. The spread of both production and usage figures was approximately 620 billion to around 450 billion. Canada, France and Brazil were notable in that their production quantities were all at least 75 billion higher than their usage figures. In contrast, Germany consumed about 60 billion more than it produced.

剑 13 Test4 Task1

The two maps predict how the design of a university's sports center is going to change and develop from now to the future.

At present, inside the layout, a pool of 25 square meters lies in the center of university sports center, and the gym, changing room and seat area are respectively located around the pool, while its entrance and reception are in front of the pool. Beside the current layout, two outdoor courts occupying the same place are located in the western and eastern part.

In the second picture, the sports center will change a lot. As a whole, the space is predicted to be enlarged with more functional areas while the pool, changing room, seating and reception will be well kept in the original condition with same size and location. It can also be seen that the gym is going to be extended into a large space for more faculty to use. Meanwhile, the space of two outdoor courts will be replaced by a spacious leisure pool on the left and a sports hall on the right respectively. Besides, new facilities like two changing rooms, a shops shop, a cafe and dance studios will also be built in this area.

Overall, based on the brief description above, it is clear that the general layout of the village will change a lot, while some newly-built facilities will be ornamented the sports center.

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剑 13 Test1 Task2

Living in a country where you have to speak a foreign language can cause serious social problems, as well as practical problems. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

Living in different countries with different climates, cultures and languages has been popular since decades ago, thanks to the popularizing of globalization. However, some people argue that living overseas where people have to speak foreign language may result in difficulties in their interpersonal communications and daily lives. I totally disagree with that point of view.

For one thing, living in a foreign nation may not do harm to ones' social life. Instead of being isolated with each other, nowadays people all around the world use English so that they can communicate with people who are speaking English. Therefore, people can enjoy their social lives by communicating with foreign people in different language. What is more, people may become open-minded as they live a life in another country. Noticeably, people forcing themselves to speak a foreign language not only bring pressure but also create incentives to them, which help people make more friends around.

For another, these countries where someone has to speak a foreign language can provide a good language environment which is easier for individuals to blend into the society, and it can also bring benefits to people's daily life, which actually overwhelms the negative effects. For example, to learn a language through staying in that country can be more efficient compared with studying at home. This is because students living at home do not have to worry about problems such as finding accommodation, paying for their tuition fees and living costs, which is different from students studying in another country. Admittedly, if students study in a non-native-speaking country, they will be put some pressures, however, it will also develop their abilities of solving-problem and independent thinking. Besides, in their spared time, people can enjoy better life condition and learn more mode of thinking compared with that in their own country.

To conclude, living abroad and speaking foreign language can neither be serious problems in people's social lives or in dealing with practical work.

剑 13 Test2 Task2

With the development of our society, people's living conditions are improving. Meanwhile, some people think that at present, there are too many choices for people to select. As far as I am concerned, I totally agree with it.

On one hand, more and more companies are established as the result of economic globalization. And these companies can not only provide people with enough job opportunities, they can also offer people a variety of products they make. However, in the past, there were not so many companies, and many people could only choose to spend their whole day in the farm and do their own business.

On the other hand, people nowadays are having better life now than they did in the past as the result of economic development, which means that they have more money now, and they can afford to buy more things. We may see rich people have a lot of choices when they buy luxuries to show their social status, and normal people are richer than before, and most of them can buy things they want.

Last but not least, the advent of the Internet has contributed a lot to the increasing number of people's choices. At present, we individuals could even sell our brand new or used things on the Internet. However, in the past, we did not have such platforms to sell the things we did not need at all.

All in all, I agree that with the development of our society and economy, as well as the advent of the Internet, people nowadays are faced with too many choices.

剑 13 Test3 Task2

There is a famous saying that those who do not study the errors in history are doomed to repeat them. With the drive for scientific and technological education

leading to the increasing marginalization of history as an academic subject, I think the need to preserve history as a fundamental field is more important than ever before.

A very basic overview of significant historical events reveals that many aspects of change are cyclical. Understanding these cycles, such as the ebb and flow of technological advancement, and being able to recognize the state of one's present era based on historical precedents is an incredibly useful skill for students to acquire. For example, enterprising students who seek to earn a living through investment or entrepreneurship could benefit immensely by understanding the historical problems a region has had and still is facing.

This is not to say that science and technology courses are not important. It is a vital necessity for everyone nowadays to have some modicum of tech savvy if they are to function in day-to-day life. For example, the proliferation of high-tech devices throughout society means that every person must have a basic understanding of how these devices function in order to use them. Also, there is a strong point to be made for the career opportunities in science and technology fields compared to ones related to history. The most likely job prospects for those who focus on history are academic fields, such as teachers, museum curators, and writers, whereas science and technology majors have a very wide range of jobs to choose from. Yet these facts do not supersede the need for a historical education. In fact, if students focus only on the scientific and technological fields, and ignore history, they may develop poor attitudes towards technology due to a lack of historical context.

In short, my opinion is that history classes are as important now as they have ever been, and the need for an understanding of science and technology does not negate this.

剑 13 Test4 Task2

Agricultural technology including inventing genetically modified food and super hybrid rice has achieved great breakthrough in these days. In this case, millions of

people get rid of suffering from starvation. However, due to inevitable factors, famine is still a severe problem that cannot be neglected in some remote areas.

It is indicated that there is rapid environmental change occurring in nations like Brazil and Indonesia, where forests are being stripped to make way for farms. Although it may get instant results in boosting farm fields, in the long term, the deforestation process may put threat into yielding crops in a sustainable way. As a result, their descendants living in the deserted area fail to seek available land resource to address hunger's root causes.

Another factor is undeveloped transportation that the pricey delivery fee also perplexes governments. As drought for lack of irrigation water is universally observed in some tribes of Africa, it is essential to import grains or crops from other countries. However, the limited financial budget cannot achieve the balance with the large population. That is the reason that even in these advanced technology age, there is still a large number of hungry people in the globe.

To address these problems, all governments and international organizations should put their effort together. Conversely, those countries which face serious famine need to introduce more agricultural specialists and advanced technology in order to rationally take advantage of the limited land resource.