

全国大学生英语竞赛 B 类考试 2017 年初赛试题详解

Part I Listening Comprehension (30 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

1. 【答案】C

【解析】对话中女士说到“an old country villa that has been restored and refurbished”，是一幢翻新的旧乡间别墅。因此 C 选项为正确答案。

【录音原文】

W: This package includes round-trip flights to Denver and a free airport pick-up.

M: Sounds good! What is the hotel that we will be staying at like?

W: Your hotel is actually an old country villa that has been restored and refurbished. Included in the price is three meals a day, excluding beverages.

M: Wow! This sounds like something my wife would really enjoy!

2. 【答案】A

【解析】录音中女士对于广告的态度是消极的，男士说到“as easily be positive as negative”，意为可以是积极的也可以是消极的，因此他的态度是中立的。故 A 选项为正确答案。

【录音原文】

W: Obviously children today are exposed to too much advertising. It should be restricted in children's programs.

M: But understanding the role of marketing is essential to children's growing up.

W: That's nonsense! Advertising can only tempt children to eat junk food.

M: Food advertising certainly has an effect on children's preferences, buying behavior and consumption, but the effect could just as easily be positive as negative.

3. 【答案】D

【解析】录音中男士说到自己有一个“terrible credit score”，女士说到这是个严重的问题，银行在批准贷款前会评估包括个人信用在内的一系列信息。因此 D 选项为正确答案。

【录音原文】

M: I would like some information for requesting a loan.

W: Very well, here are the general terms of our loan policies. We pride ourselves in having the lowest interest rate for personal loans.

M: It sounds good, but there's just one problem. I have a terrible credit score.

W: That's a very serious problem, you see, the bank must assess your personal information, past loans, assets and other relevant information such as your credit score in order to approve your loan.

M: You know what? I don't really need the money. Thanks anyway!

4. 【答案】B

【解析】对话中女士问到什么是生态旅游，男士说到“sustainable”、“respect local environments”等词。因

此 B 选项为正确答案。

【录音原文】

W: Why is eco-tourism rapidly developing?

M: The holiday and leisure industry now too often is about exploiting our resources, and we've all seen the damage it can do to the local environment. In the end, the very things that attracted the tourists may be lost.

W: So what is eco-tourism?

M: Eco-tourism is sustainable tourism. It's about preserving these assets for future generations. Tourists have to respect local environments and adapt to the local lifestyle rather than vice-versa.

5. **【答案】B**

【解析】 录音中男士说到的“hustle and bustle”意为“熙熙攘攘”，可见是城市的快节奏让他想要辞职。因此 B 选项为正确答案。

【录音原文】

M: I'm planning to quit this job and go back to work in my hometown after the Spring Festival.

W: Why is that?

M: Well the hustle and bustle of the city is really difficult to handle.

W: I understand your position. Perhaps you'll feel much better with your family around.

Section B (10marks)

Conversation One

【答案与解析】

6. T 录音中女士说到自己先参加了“group interview”，然后参加了“one-on-one interview”，因此是两次面试。陈述正确。

7. F 录音中女士说自己参加了“four weeks' safety training”。因此陈述不正确。

8. F 录音中没有提到“jet lag”。因此陈述不正确。

9. T 录音中女士说到“you could be thrown all over the cabin if you aren't wearing your seat belt”。因此陈述正确。

10. F 录音中男士问道人们是否应该听安全信息，女士回答当然了，尤其是关于紧急出口的信息，弄清楚离自己最近的安全出口可能会救自己的命。由此可知，当发生火灾时，乘客们应该自己去最近的安全出口。因此陈述不正确。

【录音原文】

M: How did you become a flight attendant?

W: I had a group interview first and I was singled out. Then I passed a one-on-one interview, and finally went on to my training.

M: What kind of training did you have?

W: First week was all about customer service and relations, and then during four weeks' safety training, I got to know how to deal with fires, evacuations, water landing, and passengers' first-aid.

M: Tell me, what do you think are the good and bad sides of the job?

W: Good sides, obviously I get to see the world pretty much for free. Bad sides, it's really grueling on your social life. It's more like a way of living than a job.

M: Passengers often think that fastening seat belts on board is really unnecessary. Is that true?

W: Not at all. When the plane is taxiing on the runway and the pilot suddenly puts the brakes on, passengers can be thrown out of their seats. And during the flight if there's sudden and severe turbulence, you could be thrown all over the cabin if you aren't wearing your seat belt.

M: Should we really listen to the safety information?

W: Definitely, especially about emergency exits. If there's a fire on a plane, it may be dark and the plane will be full of smoke and fumes. Working out which one is the nearest exit to you might save your life.

Conversation Two

【答案与解析】

11.C 录音中女士说到学费上涨了“2.9percent”，男士说到上涨了“several hundred dollars”。因此 C 选项正确。

12.A 对话中男士提到虽然科技减少了人员使用，但是依然需要像以前一样一个老师教 20 个学生，而且高中的毕业率一直增加，因此大学需要花更多钱雇老师。因此 A 选项正确。

13.D 对话中男士提到“Mid-Atlantic and Northeast”由于人口原因导致毕业率降低，由此可见进入大学的人也减少。因此 D 选项正确。

14.C 对话中男士提到大学即将寻求新的上课方式，即“through technology and other ways”，还有提供“contingent loan”，学生们可以在毕业后偿还贷款，即长期贷款。因此 C 选项正确。

15.C 对话中男士提到将来会有“competency-based education”，也就是以学生能力作为标准，而不是是否在学校度过了四年。因此 C 选项正确。

【录音原文】

W: Costs at four-year public schools posted the smallest increase in more than 30 years, up 2.9 percent. It just got more expensive to go to public college and university in the United States more slowly, right?

M: Exactly. This is the smallest increase we've seen in a couple of decades, but that's on a larger base. We're still talking about several hundred dollars on the average public college tuition.

W: Prices in the economy went up 1.7 percent last year. College went up 2.9 percent. What's been driving the much faster increases in the cost of buying a college education?

M: Well, unlike most other pieces of the economy, where technology has reduced the number of people you need, you still need one professor to teach 20 students, just like you did in 1980.

W: The high school graduation rates are going up. This is a pretty big generational cohort. There're still a lot of kids looking for seats in colleges, aren't there?

M: There're still a lot. But it depends where you live. And there're a lot of colleges in the Mid-Atlantic and Northeast where high school graduation rates are actually falling because of demographics. And there're not as many colleges in the West and the South, where those rates are increasing.

W: Are we opening up a national conversation to look at radically different ways of paying for school, reducing some of the pressure on parents?

M: Well, I think we definitely are. We're going to look at new ways of delivering college courses through
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technology and other ways. On the other side, you're going to see income-based contingent loans, where students can pay a piece of their income after college toward their loans.

W: There're even some suggestions that it not be four years anymore, aren't there?

M: There are. And there're ways of doing this. We base learning on how much time somebody spends in a seat. There's nothing magical about four years of college and 120 credits for a bachelor's degree. And so there's a move now towards competency-based education and in some cases, you can finish college in less than four years.

Section C(5 marks)

16. 【答案】B

【解析】新闻最后提到在星期天之前，金球奖中单个影片获奖记录是六项。因此 B 选项正确。

【录音原文】

On Sunday night, romantic musical comedy "La La Land" swept the 74th Golden Globe Awards. The movie, which stars Ryan Gosling and Emma Stone, set a record by winning seven awards in every category it was nominated in, including best motion picture—musical or comedy and the best director award for Damien Chazelle. The film also took home the awards for best screenplay, best score and respective acting awards for Gosling and Stone. Prior to Sunday, the record for most Golden Globes for a single movie was six, shared by 1975's *One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest* and 1978's *Midnight Express*.

17. 【答案】A

【解析】新闻最后提到 Wilbur Ross 是“a steel billionaire”，也是特朗普眼中商务部长的第一人选。因此 A 选项正确。

【录音原文】

As president-elect Trump continues to flesh out his administration he's sending strong signals to China in the process. According to Reuters, Trump has packed his trade team with veterans of the US steel wars with China. This could potentially signal a more aggressive relationship between the two countries. Trump often complained about China while on the campaign trail and promised to take a stronger stance than previous presidents when trading with the communist country. Trump's potential trade team is led by Wilbur Ross, a steel billionaire and Trump's top pick for commerce secretary. China has already warned that new tariffs would result in retaliation against US companies.

18. 【答案】B

【解析】新闻中提到被袭击建筑被用于“security office”。因此 B 选项正确。

【录音原文】

A car bomb killed at least 13 people and wounded dozens more near the Turkish border. The Syrian Observatory for Human Rights added the bomb targeted a building used by a rebel group in the northern Syrian town of Azaz. The building was being used as a security office. A political officer with the group who controls the building, stated the death toll is higher, indicating that 13 of the dead were fighters with the group. Yasser al-Yousef added a total of 25 people died from the bombing. Azaz is under the control of multiple rebel groups, which have been in fighting among each other in recent months.

19. 【答案】C

【解析】新闻开始提到一月份“jackpot”达到超过 10 亿时，出现了“powerball”的搜索。因此 C 选项正确。

【录音原文】

In 2016, "powerball" was the top trending term on Google and "Prince" came in second. The surge in "powerball" searches happened in January when the jackpot reached more than \$1 billion. "Prince" was searched for the most in April when he passed away unexpectedly. On Google News, "Olympics" and "Elections" were the most searched-for terms, with eight of the top 10 people searches being either Olympic athletes or presidential candidates. Google is the most used search engine in the world, so it gives a pretty good idea of what people are looking at.

20. 【答案】 D

【解析】 新闻最后提到在吸烟致死的人中，80%出现在“low and middle income countries”。因此 D 选项正确。

【录音原文】

According to a new study by the World Health Organization, smoking already costs the global economy more than 1 trillion dollars a year. By 2030, it will also kill one third more people than it does now. The cost of smoking “far outweighs global revenue from tobacco taxes”, which is estimated to be about 269 billion dollars from 2013 to 2014. The study determined that tobacco-related deaths will increase from 6 million to 8 million by 2030. More than 80 percent of those deaths will occur in low and middle income countries.

Section D (10 marks)

【答案】

21. interfere with

22. readily

23. a handful of

24. extensive research

25. manufacture and disposal

【录音原文】

Chemicals are added to a huge variety of products to give them certain properties. Many of these common chemicals are toxic to mammals and other animals. For example, one class of chemicals, called alkylphenols, can interfere with hormone systems and growth. Alkylphenols are often found in shampoo. Not only are these chemicals toxic, but they do not readily biodegrade. In other words, they will be on our planet for a very, very long time. Chemicals with a combination of these properties are commonly known as "Persistent Organic Pollutants," or POPs. The combined effect of POPs on our health and on the environment is increasingly being studied and recognized. Some work has been done to control the use of POPs, but only a handful of chemicals fall under current government controls. Additionally, companies don't label their products with their chemical components, so consumers must do extensive research to learn about them. Contrary to popular belief, POPs don't stay locked away inside of the materials where they are used. These chemicals can escape and enter the soil during manufacture and disposal. In fact, it now seems that no part of the planet is free of chemicals.

Summary

【答案与解析】

26. originality and creativity

(录音中提到知识产权被定义为“the product of a person or company's originality and creativity”，即个人或公司创新与创造的产品。因此该空应填 originality and creativity。)

27. authorship

(录音中提到著作权保护“original works of authorship”，即原作者的原创作品。因此该空应填 authorship。)

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authorship。)

28.musical compositions

(录音中提到著作权保护“books, musical compositions, paintings, movies and architecture 等原创作品。因此该空应填 musical compositions。)

29.without permission

(录音中提到当作品超过著作权保护年限时,任何人都可以“copy or use them without permission”。因此该空应填 without permission。)

30.designs and slogans

(录音中提到商标与著作权不同,“protect product designs and slogans”,而且一旦被一个公司使用,其他公司便不能私自使用。因此该空应填 designs and slogans。)

【录音原文】

Patents are sometimes used to help inventors, owners, artists, etc. protect a special type of property known as “intellectual property”. Intellectual property is defined as “the product of a person or company's originality and creativity”. There are, however, additional ways to protect different kinds of intellectual property. Two of these ways are copyrights and trademarks. Copyrights protect “original works of authorship”. This would include something creative that is written down or presented visually. Such things as books, musical compositions, paintings, and even movies and architecture can all be protected by copyrights. While typical patents may only last a short time and then need to be re-registered, for most written works, the copyright lasts for the life of the author plus 50 years. After this time has passed, the works are no longer protected by the copyright. They are then classified as part of the “public domain”, and anyone can copy or use them without permission. Trademarks, on the other hand, protect product designs and slogans that a business uses to distinguish its product from other companies' products. Once a trademark is used by a company, no other company can use it again for its own purposes.

Part II Vocabulary & Grammar(15 marks)

31.【答案】A

【解析】句意:有些人认为解决毒品问题的方法是教育,然而我认为教育在其中起一部分作用,而不是可以完全解决。solution to 为固定搭配,意为“.....的解决方法”。play a part 意为“在.....中起一部分作用”。故选 A。

32.【答案】B

【解析】句意:一般来说,英国私立学校提供的课程范围比法律要求的广。that 是代词,代替的是前面提到的“curriculum”。因此 B 选项正确。

33.【答案】A

【解析】句意:他们在丛林中感到如此之热,这种热是他们在其他地方从未感受到的。such..as...固定搭配。as 在这里引导定语从句,先行词为 heat。故选 A。

34.【答案】C

【解析】句意:美国政府有权管制虐待动物的行为。早在 19 世纪,斗鸡、斗熊、斗牛和斗狗都已经是违法行为。cruelty to animals 意为“虐待动物”为固定搭配。因此选 C。

35.【答案】D

【解析】的意:韩国最大的手机运营商即将向消费者提供一项新的服务——驱除蚊子,订阅者可以下载一种声波,这种声波人类听不到但是可以驱逐附近一米范围内的蚊子。inaudible 是形容词,意为“听不见

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的”，符合句意。因此 D 选项正确。

36. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：今天，习近平即将成为第一位出席年度世界经济论坛的中国领导人，此论坛在瑞士度假胜地达沃斯举行。present 意为“出现，呈现”。因此 D 选项正确。

37. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：DINK 是双收入和无孩子的夫妻的首字母缩略词，因此 DINK 总是比一般家庭有更多的可支配收入。acronym 首字母缩略词。aphorism 格言；警句。analogy 类比；类推。analogue 类似物。因此选 B。

38. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：对于马来西亚航空公司 MHB70 飞机长达三年的搜索已经叫停，留下了一大航空未解之谜。现在分词作结果状语，所表示的是谓语动词的直接结果。这个秘密并没有解开，因此 unsolved 符合句意。故选 D。

39. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：珍珠港事件的目标是全面破坏轴心国的力量，并在无条件胜利后建立与美国的理想和利益一致的世界秩序。in accord with 同...相符合；与.....一致。link with 与.....有关；与.....相连接。connect with 连接；与...联系。approximate to 近于；与.....接近。因此 A 选项正确。

40. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：研究表明，常吃比萨的人患某些癌症的几率更低，每周至少吃一个披萨的人患食管癌的可能性降低了 59%，研究人员将这一现象归功于番茄酱。prone to 有...倾向的。infect with 感染（有传染性的疾病）。credit 归因于；归功于。因此 B 选项正确。

41. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：十五世纪末，意大利航海家克里斯托弗·哥伦布（Christopher Columbus）横渡辽阔的海洋，到达了西印度群岛。但他认为自己到了亚洲而不知道他已经发现了一个新的大陆。过去完成时表示在过去某一时间或动作之前已经发生或完成的动作。哥伦布到达西印度群岛和认为自己发现了新大陆均在谓语动作之前，因此用过去完成时。D 项正确。

42. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：很抱歉你必须另找一个地方停车，因为如果发现任何车辆停在这里，车辆将会被拖走。本题考查的是 if 虚拟语气的用法。本题中的虚拟部分与将来事实相反，主句谓语动词应该是“+动词原形”的形式，而车又是被发现停在那里，因此应该用被动形式，省略了“should/would/could/might”。因此 B 选项正确。

43. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：“绝对是同一个程序但可能版本不对。他们的系统比我们的新。”“这就是你打不开的原因”。根据句意，打不开文件的原因是版本过低，因此应该“在读文件之前进行升级”。因此 C 选项正确。

44. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：“你们还用什么能源？”“我们的大部分能量来自水力发电厂。我们未来能够从可替代能源中获得更多的能量，甚至是风力发电。”根据句意，选项后面的回答涉及到除了热能以外其他种类的能源。因此 A 选项符合句意。

45. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：“有点儿不方便，我们刚坐下吃晚餐。”“我等不了了，怕是有些东西要从我的胸膛中涌出。我权衡了所有利弊，最终决定一定要跟您谈一下。”根据选项后面的“我们刚坐下吃晚餐”，可以得知当时的情况不大方便。因此 B 选项正确。

Part III Cloze (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

46.opportunity

（原句意思为“这也将是一个绝佳的机会，摆脱城市的交通和噪音，呼吸混杂着松木香的干净空气，同时享受壮丽的景色”。依据给出字母，可知该空应填入 opportunity。）

47.Heritage

（nine Byzantine painted churches 指九座拜占庭绘画教堂，为人文景观。根据句中的 UNESCO World Her_____ listed sites，可知的是联合国教科文组织世界产名录列景点。因此该应填入 Heritage。）

48.where

（此句是地点状语从句，横线处是引导词。因此该空应填入 where。）

49.freshest

（横线处与后面的 best 是并列的关系，best 为最高级形式，可知 fresh 也应该用最高级。因此该空填 freshest。）

50.ingredient

（该句指“Agros 村庄因其芳香的玫瑰水而闻名，这是当地一种美食的重要原料”。依据给出字母，可知该空应填入 ingredient。）

51.renovated

（该句指“位于 Solea 山谷的 Kakopetria 以其优质的餐厅和装修精美的村屋而闻名。”根据句意，横线处应该填形容词。因此该空应该填入“renovated”。）

52.a

（该句指“如果您在壮观的雪松山谷附近，您也可以看见塞浦路斯盘羊”。catch a glimpse of 为固定搭配，意为“瞥见”。因此该空应该填入“a”。）

53.mountainous

（该句指“欧洲盘羊栖息于多山的帕福斯森林”。根据横线处后为名词，此处应填 mountain 的形容词形式。因此该空填入 mountainous。）

54.extinction

（该句指“它是一种受保护物种，由于它过去几乎被捕获至灭绝的悲剧，目前有些盘羊生活在保护区内”。依据给出单词，可知该空应填入 extinction。）

55.without

（该句指“在这里，游客们可以观赏盘羊而且不打扰它们平静的生活”。根据句意及所给字母，可知该空应填入 without。）

Section A (5 marks)

【答案与解析】

56.Symptoms

（根据后面的“Sore throat, running nose, constant sneezing and headaches”等可知答案在第一段，描述的是感冒的症状。表格中第一列所有单词的首字母都大写。因此该空应填入 Symptoms。）

57.a single disease

（根据后半句的“any of two hundred different viruses”，可知答案在第二段。因此该空应填入 a single disease。）

58.molecular appearance

（第三段第一句为“Additionally, some cold viruses have the ability to change their molecular appearance”。因此该空应填入 molecular appearance。）

59.severe limitation

（该句意思为“虽然鼻病毒占有感冒病毒的近 40%，但旨在研究治疗方法的 BIRR4 项目由于其严重的限制性而失败”。根据第四段原文“...As a possible treatment for a cold, it was severely limited and so in 2000, Boehringer dropped the BIRR4 project”可知，该研究有严重的限制性。因此该空应填入 severe limitation。）

60.immune response

（根据横线处上一句可将答案定位在第五段。原文为“The symptoms that we get from a cold are, in reality, produced by our body's immune responses”。因此该空应填入 immune response。）

Section B (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

61.C 横线后文说自主学习包括听说读写、动手操作等方面，通过自己动手操作而不是别人告知来获得。横线处应该包括后文的内容，因此是对自主学习下的定义。所以选 C。

62.G 横线后文提到了“experiential learning”相关的内容，因此横线处应该是一个承上启下的句子将“active learning”与“experiential learning”联系起来。所以选 G。

63.A 横线后文提到了“teacher”和“pupil”。因此横线处应该是对后文的一个总结句，应该同时包含这两个因素。所以选 A。

64.D 横线后文的谚语被一位著名教育家改为“I do and I am even more confused”，最后提到学习与理解的关键一步是“反思”，可知横线处否定了只动手做而不思考的作用。因此选 D。

65.E 横线后文说老师们鼓励一种基于技巧和态度的学习方法，并强调了学习方法的重要性，因此学习方法也是自主学习的一部分。所以选 E。

Section C (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

66.By doing so, they can keep boredom at bay/will not feel bored.

（根据文章第三段第二句...who are encouraged to choose a variety of tasks to keep boredom at bay”可知，他们被鼓励选择多种工作的原因是为了防止无聊。因此答案为 By doing so, they can keep boredom at bay/will not feel bored。）

67.People with views few residents share can feel powerless and isolated.

（根据文章第四段“despite its problems”可知，前面说的是存在的问题。题干问的“majority rule”存在的问题，因此答案为 People with views few residents share can feel powerless and isolated。）

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68. In civic engagements/matters.

（由倒数第二段第一句可知，只有男人才有资格充当长老的角色，93%的州议会成员是男人，因此男人在公民参与中扮演了较多的角色。所以答案为 In civic engagements/matters。）

69. Most people in Meghalaya only know the old ways and they prefer their old ways of life.

（根据最后一段后半部分“In most of Meghalaya, people only know the old ways”和“and they like the old ways just fine”可知，男权运动获得支持少的原因是大部分人并不想改变现状。因此答案为 Most people in Meghalaya only know the old ways and they prefer their old ways of life。）

70. To show that society can take many different forms.

（根据第一段“but society can take an infinite number of different forms, as these unusual examples demonstrate.”可知，本文是举了一个不同寻常的社会形态的例子。因此答案为 To show that society can take many different forms。）

Section D (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

71. optimism and hope

（根据“Puritanism”，可定位到文章第三段。根据“The economic boom brought an overwhelming sense of optimism and hope to the people.”可知，经济繁荣给人们带来了强烈的乐观感和希望。因此填 optimism and hope。）

72. rebellious

（根据第四段中间部分“Romanticism was rebellious in spirit.”可知，浪漫主义在精神上是反叛的。因此填 rebellious。）

73. summit

（根据第四段最后的“It pushed American Romanticism into a new stage-American Transcendentalism, the summit of American Romanticism”可知，美国浪漫主义达到了顶峰。因此应填 summit。）

74. unworthy of

（文章倒数第三段最后一句“Romanticism tended to regard satire as something unworthy of serious attention”指出，浪漫主义倾向于认为讽刺不值得太多注意。因此应填 unworthy of。）

75. complexity and diversity

（根据最后一段最后一句“American literature became mature and grew into complexity and diversity”可知，美国文学变得成熟、复杂而又多样。因此该空应填 complexity and diversity。）

Part V Translation (15 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

76. 【参考译文】

根据上周二发布的一项报告，尽管雾霾严重，但是北京仍凭借其“软环境”成为毕业生找工作的首选之地。中国首都/北京因其社会环境、经济发展、基础设施、消费习惯及国际化氛围，仍是求职者的首选。尽管大都市仍是求职者的首选，不过在过去的三年里，已经有越来越多的大学毕业生在地级市甚至更小的城市工作。

Section B (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

77. Fortunately, Britain still has a world-leading export industry—higher education.

(“世界领先的”可译为“world-leading”。export industry 出口产业。higher education 高等教育。)

78. These institutions ensure that the most outstanding faculty members do their fair share of teaching and provide extensive support for financially poor students.

(“that”引导宾语从句，表示院校“ensure”的内容。institutions 高等院校。faculty members 大学教学人员。fair share 公平分配。)

79. If Prime Minister Theresa May is keen on every single person having the chance to be all they want to be, she should look after the institutions that do most to lift people up.

(“having”表示现在分词作后置定语，修饰“every single person”。Prime Minister 首相。be keen on 热衷于。lift..up 提升。)

80. Because the government insists on counting these students as immigrants and is trying to cut the number of immigrants.

(“坚持做某事”译为“insist on doing”。count...as 把...看作。cut the number of 减少...的数量。)

81. These countries must have feared that the weak pound would give UK's education a competitive boost.

(“must have done”表示对过去事情的肯定推测，表示“一定做过某事”。give..a boost 推动，提升。)

Part VI Error Correction (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

82. but→and

(句意：他们增长我们的知识，改变我们关于世界的想法和在其中的作用。“increased our knowledge”和“changed our ideas”之间没有转折关系。因此将 but 改为 and。)

83. for→in

(句意：他们增长我们的知识，改变我们关于世界的想法和在其中的作用。role in 作用，在其中的作用。因此将 for 改为 in。)

84. 删除 the

(most 在这里是“大部分的，多数的”的意思，并不是最高级。因此应将 most 前的 the 去掉。)

85. ✓

86. industry→industrial

(revolution 为名词，应用形容词修饰。因此应将 industry 改为 industrial。)

87. anything→everything

(句意：爱因斯坦解释说，在其他时期当中，每个事物都来自于同一能量，而且我们都是同一个整体的一部分。根据句意，应是每个事物而不是任一事物。因此将 anything 改为 everything。)

88. opened ^ new→a

(era 时代，为可数名词。a/an...era 一个.....的时代。因此应该在 new 前面增加 a。)

89. know ledges→knowledge

(knowledge 为不可数名词, 没有复数形式。因此将 knowledges 改为 knowledge。)

90.inherently→inherent

(be inherent in 天生…; 固有…。be 动词后应用形容词。因此将 inherently 改为 inherent。)

91.experience→experiencing

(句意: 此刻, 我们正在体验快速发展。由此可知应该用现在进行时, experience 是动词。因此应将 experience 改为 experiencing。)

Part VII IQ Test(5marks)

92.【答案】Tuesday

【解析】从后往前进行推理即可得出答案。

93.【答案】16, 18

【解析】16 和 18 调换顺序后, 第一组数组依次为+21, +24, +27, +30 得来的; 第二组数字为+20, +24,

+28, +32 得来的。

94.【答案】dry, set

【解析】paint dries, concrete sets.颜料变干; 水泥凝固。

95.【答案】Delaware

【解析】重新排列组合后, 只能组成一个美国的州, 即德拉华州。

96.【答案】C

【解析】将前两个图形的相同位置叠加, 如果颜色一样则第三个图形的相同位置为白色, 如果颜色不同, 则为黑色。

Part VIII Writing (30 marks)

I (10 marks)

【参考范文】

In Germany, the total volume of generated electricity is 560 billion kWh. Among all the generating ways, conventional thermal accounts for about 60%, while nuclear makes up for more than one fifth. And the rest is renewables, in which biomass and wind respectively account for about 37%, hydroelectric makes up about 18%and about 6%is solar.

In France, the total volume of generated electricity is 510 billion kWh. Among all the generating ways, nuclear accounts for 76% and conventional thermal makes up for about 10%, while renewables account for about 13.7%.n renewables, four fifths is hydroelectric and 10%is wind. Biomass accounts for about 8%.

Therefore, Germany pays more attention to conventional thermal while France relies more on nuclear. Both countries have no Geothermal generation.

II (20 marks)

【参考范文】

In my opinion, middle school education should pay more attention to English learning and English should

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not be cancelled.

The first reason is that middle school students are in their critical learning period. They need more exposure to different cultures and knowledge. This could give the very first inspiration of what they want to do in the future. They need to lay a solid foundation for their future study and career.

The second reason is that China has more and more connection with foreign countries. Our country needs a large amount of language talents. College entrance examination pushes students to work hard.

English test at the college entrance examination is beneficial for both students and our country, so it should not be cancelled.

全国大学生英语竞赛 B 类考试 2017 年决赛试题详解

Part I Listening Comprehension (30 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

1. 【答案】A

【解析】录音中女士说聘请了一位工程师负责本次项目，与他签了临时合约，并且下午三点会开会商定项目的时间安排表。最后问男士要不要参加下午的会议，男士说他下午 2:30 有个会，恐怕不能参加。所以 B、C、D 三项错误，A 项正确。

【录音原文】

M: Who's in charge of the construction project?

W: We've taken on a civil engineer on a nine-month temporary contract. He'll oversee the whole project. In fact we're having a project meeting at 3 p.m. this afternoon to allocate responsibilities and finalise the time schedule. Why don't you join us?

M: I can't. I'm afraid. I've got another meeting scheduled for 2:30 p.m.

2. 【答案】C

【解析】录音中女士说她的妈妈不允许她做兼职，因为兼职需要花费很多时间和精力，导致她不能专心学习。因此可以看出女士的妈妈对女士做兼职一事持否定态度。C 项正确。

【录音原文】

W: The PR Company offers me the job.

M: It's a great opportunity. You should be happy with the offer.

W: But my mother won't allow me to accept any part-time job. She says a part-time job is a cursed blessing. It takes so much time and energy that I won't be able to focus on my study.

3. 【答案】B

【解析】录音中女士说到 overloading power points with too many appliances is extremely dangerous, 也就

是说电源插座上不能插太多电器。B 项意思正确。A、C、D 三项内容录音未提及。

【录音原文】

M: So presumably there're some basic guidelines for making the home a safer place for children?

W: Yes, there're some simple rules which are easy to follow. First of all, electricity can be dangerous if used incorrectly.

M: Please tell us more about that.

W: Well, overloading power point with too many appliances, and not checking the condition of your electrical equipment is extremely dangerous.

4. 【答案】A

【解析】从男士的话语中可以看出，他不想因为交通拥堵困在去海边的路上，不想在机场排长队，不想去人山人海的海滩。可以推断，男士认为假期去海边玩浪费时间。A 项正确。

【录音原文】

W: With the holiday season once again upon us, we finally could take our family trip.

M: By the word "trip", do you mean sitting in a traffic jam on the way to the coast, queuing up at a packed airport terminal or fighting our way through the crowds to find a free spot on an overcrowded beach?

W: Come on, it may not be the best thing to put you in that relaxed holiday mood, but for millions of us, it's worth it for those blessed few days where we can get a chance to forget about work and truly get away from it.

5. 【答案】D

【解析】录音中女士说 all graduate students must have GRE or GMAT scores sent to us by the testing center, 意思是说必须由测试中心将毕业生的 GRE 或 GMAT 成绩寄到研究生院。D 项正确。

【录音原文】

M: Well, can you tell me what I need in my application?

W: All the graduate school applicants must have three letters of recommendation. They must have official university transcripts sent directly from their previous school.

M: I can't send my transcripts myself?

W: No. Your school must send them to us. Also, all graduate students must have GRE or GMAT scores sent to us by the testing center.

Section B (10 marks)

Conversation One

【答案与解析】

6.T 录音中女士提到 Filling 150 positions here the usual way, relying on diplomas and GPAs, left me frustrated, 说明雇主一般是根据学历和 GPA 分数来挑选应聘者。故该判断正确。

7.F 由女士的话 I'm founder of a local company, Fabric Images, a textile printer 可知，她是 Fabric Images 这家公司的创始人，而不是应聘者。故该判断错误。

8.T 男士说到 So your job-readiness test called Work Keys aims to get a better read on an applicant's skill level, 也就是说 WorkKeys 测试是为了更好地衡量应聘者的能力。故该判断正确。

9.T 根据录音最后一句 Though it hasn't been evaluated by independent research, my company testimonials describe sharp declines in employee turnover and training costs 可知, 这项测试还并没有经过评估, 但是推荐书中提到这项测试大大减少了雇员的流动率, 对公司来说减少了对雇员培训的成本。故该判断正确。

10.F 参考上题解析, 可知该判断错误。

【录音原文】

M: While most high schools focus on preparing students for college, businesses in one community outside Chicago are rallying around a different approach, preparing students for work. We have Pat Hayes with us tonight to share with us her opinion. Welcome !

W: Thanks. I'm really glad to be here. I'm founder of a local company, Fabric Images, a textile printer. Filling 150 positions here the usual way, relying on diplomas and GPAs, left me frustrated.

M: Why is that?

W: What does an A mean to an employer today? Nothing. Where did you go to school? What level of course? Was it accelerated? Was it a college prep course? I don't know.

M: So your job-readiness test called WorkKeys aims to get a better read on an applicant's skill level.

W: That's right. WorkKeys is an assessment about what you have accomplished in math, in reading and locating for information. Those three characteristics are in about, I don't know, 98 percent of the jobs at some level.

M: Tell us more, please.

W: More specifically, WorkKeys uses actual workplace scenarios to measure how well individuals can decipher charts, graphs and other visual information, convert ratios, measurements, and make calculations across a variety of situations, and effectively comprehend memos, instructions and other authentic workplace documents.

M: Can every job that you have be profiled based on these core skills?

W: Sure. And for the first time, I saw a commonality of what an individual had and what I needed, and I could start putting the two things together.

M: Then how well does it work?

W: Though it hasn't been evaluated by independent research, my company testimonials describe sharp declines in employee turnover and training costs.

Conversation Two

【答案与解析】

11.B 男士说到 if you lose the language, you lose that connection with that place, with that way of thinking, with tens of thousands of years of that language's lineage. 你的语言一旦消失, 你就会失去与使用该语言的地区的联系, 失去那里的人的思维方式。B 项正确。

12.C 女士问到世界上有哪几种语言是占主导地位的? 男士回答有英语、汉语普通话和西班牙语。符合录音内容的只有 C 项“汉语普通话”。

13.C 根据男士的话 One cause of the loss of languages, of course, lives around the globe increasingly interconnected through technology, the economy, and the dominance of a few languages, 可知一些语言消失的原因之一是技术进步、经济全球化、少数语言的主导地位将世界紧密地联系在了一起。故 C 项正确。

14.D 根据男士的话 A language survives if you have the choice..your language as part of you, 可得出当你学习一种语言, 并把它当作生活的一部分时, 这种语言才能存留下来。故 D 项正确。

15.A 录音主要讲的是如今很多语言濒临消失的现状、原因以及如何使这些语言存留下来。故 A 项正确。

【录音原文】

W: Predictions are dire that, by the end of this century, more than half of the world's 6,000 languages will be gone. With today's program we're trying to explore tongues around the globe at risk of being lost forever and what is lost with them.

M: Each of these languages holds a little piece of information or a lot of information. And that's information that, if you lose the language, you lose that connection with that place, with that way of thinking, with tens of thousands of years of that language's lineage.

W: So what leads to the loss of some languages?

M: One cause of the loss of languages, of course, lives around the globe increasingly interconnected through technology, the economy, and the dominance of a few languages, including online.

W: Then what are the few dominant languages?

M: Well, it seems English, Mandarin and Spanish are gobbling up languages, as people decide they need to have this in order to assimilate into a culture.

W: What's the key to a language surviving?

M: A language survives if you have the choice to learn it, if it's available for you to live your life in some way with your language as part of you. In Wales, you have a choice of whether to go to an English medium school or to a Welsh medium school. And in this way, children can learn in the language that they are speaking at home.

W: But couldn't you make the argument that it would be better if we all spoke the same language, that we all understood each other?

M: Well, language is the way we think. And it's the way it's been handed down through generations. If you begin to think in another language, that's fine. But if you have to lose the way that your family has been speaking, that's not so fine. That's losing who you are. And when we lose who we are, that's when we become this homogenized consumer of life, rather than a citizen who comes from a place and knows who you are.

Section C (5marks)

16. 【答案】A

【解析】新闻讲的是摇滚传奇人物 Leon Russell 的逝世、他的生平以及他在摇滚音乐上取得的成就。故 A 正确。

【录音原文】

Rock 'n' roll legend Leon Russell has died at the age of 74 in Nashville. In July he had heart bypass surgery and was "recovering from that at the time of his death". Russell wrote, sang, and produced some of the top records in rock 'n' roll history and was well known for his "striking appearance", with "wispy white hair" that "covered much of his face". In 2011, Russell was inducted into the Songwriters Hall of Fame and the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame honored him with the Award for Music Excellence. In the early 2000s, he also started his own record label, Leon Russell Records.

17. 【答案】D

【解析】新闻首句 A powerful earthquake struck the Pacific's Solomon Islands, prompting tsunami warnings for its neighboring island nations 表明所罗门群岛发生地震，周边岛国接到海啸预警。故 D 正确。

【录音原文】

A powerful earthquake struck the Pacific's Solomon Islands, prompting tsunami warnings for its neighboring island nations. But the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center added there was no threat to Hawaii. According to the U.S. Geological Survey, the earthquake measured at a magnitude of 7.7 with an epicenter 120 miles away from Honiara, the Solomon Island's capital. The survey added it also measured at a depth of 30 miles below the surface. But that did not stop the Pacific Tsunami Warning Center from alerting Vanuatu, Papua New Guinea, Nauru, New Caledonia, Tuvalu and in Kosrae. Instead, the center added hazardous waves were possible.

18. 【答案】 C

【解析】新闻中说到 Symptoms for mumps typically begin 16 to 18 days after infection, 由此可知 C 项正确。由新闻首句中 hit a 10-year high in the United States 可知该病病例数达到十年内最高水平, 故 A 错误。该疾病是从 1967 年开始发现的, 而不是 1976, 故 B 错误。超过 40% 的病例有轻微症状, 故 D 错误。

【录音原文】

According to health officials, cases for the contagious disease mumps have hit a 10-year high in the United States. Officials add that the disease is especially common on college campuses. Before a mumps vaccine became widely available back in 1967, nearly every child in the U.S. would get infected. Since then, cases have declined over 99 percent. Symptoms for mumps typically begin 16 to 18 days after infection. They then last around 7 to 10 days. Up to 40 percent of people with mumps have mild symptoms and may not even realize they are sick. However, they can still spread the disease to others.

19. 【答案】 C

【解析】新闻提到 The Silicon valley Leadership Group says immigrants make up about 58% of the area's engineers and other high-skill employees, 硅谷领导集团说硅谷 58% 的工程师和有才能的职员都是移民。也提到 Immigration and innovation go hand in hand, 移民与创新是紧密联系的。因此可推断硅谷的企业反对禁令的原因是移民是硅谷创新力的重要来源。故 C 正确。

【录音原文】

The tech companies of Silicon Valley are standing up against Donald Trump's travel ban. The Silicon Valley Leadership Group says immigrants make up about 58% of the area's engineers and other high-skill employees. 97 companies from the area, including Google, Apple, Microsoft, Netflix, Facebook and Twitter, joined in on a court filing against the ban. Carl Guardino, the CEO of the Silicon Valley Leadership Group told the Associated Press, "Immigration and innovation go hand in hand. This cuts so deeply into the bone and marrow of what fuels the innovation economy that very few CEOs feel the luxury of sitting on the sidelines. So people are going to stand up and speak up." The court filing, which was submitted Sunday, spoke of the entrepreneurial spirit of "people who choose to leave everything that is familiar and journey to an unknown land to make a new life".

20. 【答案】 B

【解析】新闻最后提到 LeDoux also criticized how anti-anxiety... focusing on the actual fear and anxiety a person experiences, 由此可知 LeDoux 反对抗焦虑药物的原因是这些药物只是用于治疗大脑的 fear circuit 这一部位, 而忽略了人们内心真实的恐惧与忧虑。故 B 正确。

【录音原文】

Joseph LeDoux, a scientist who studies fear and anxiety in humans, recently announced that fear and anxiety do not occur in one area of the brain but many. LeDoux's new theory is that fear and anxiety are completely separate and happen in different parts of the brain. When someone detects a threat in their environment and gets into defense mode, that's when fear and anxiety happen simultaneously. LeDoux also criticized how anti-anxiety drugs only focus on the part of the brain called the "fear circuit", rather than focusing on the actual fear and anxiety a person experiences.

Section D (10 marks)

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In this section, you will hear **two** short passages. The passages will be read only **once**. After each passage, there will be a **one-minute** pause. During the pause, write the answers on the **answer sheet**.

Dictation

【答案】

- 21. prettiness
- 22. rural stupidity
- 23. turning sour
- 24. formulate
- 25. tackled

【录音原文】

Within the national group, our prejudices tend to be very mixed and, because they operate mainly on an unconscious level, not easily recognizable. We can be natives of great cities and still find a town dialect less pleasant than a country one. And yet, hearing prettiness and quaintness in a Dorset or Devon twang, we can also despise it, because we associate it with rural stupidity or backwardness. The ugly tones of Manchester or Birmingham will, because of their great civic associations, be at the same time somehow admirable. The whole business of ugliness and beauty works strangely. A BBC announcer says "pay day"; a Cockney says "pie die". The former is thought to be beautiful, the latter ugly, and yet the announcer can use the Cockney sounds in a statement like "Eat that pie and you will die" without anybody's face turning sour. In fact, terms like "ugly" and "beautiful" cannot really apply to languages at all. Poets can make beautiful patterns out of words, but there are no standards we can use to formulate aesthetic judgments on the words themselves. We all have our pet hates and loves among words, but these always have to be referred to associations. We have to watch associations carefully, remembering that language is a public, not a private, medium, and that questions of word-hatred and word-love had best be tackled very coldly and rationally.

Summary

【答案与解析】

- 26. geniuses

(录音中提到英国一位心理学家的研究表明,像莎士比亚这样的天才都是有天赋的,这种说法就如同神话一样是不真实的。所以此处填 **geniuses**。)

- 27. practice

(录音中提到 **excellence is determined...most of all-practice**, 说明一个人的优秀主要取决于练习。)

- 28. prior to

(录音中提到 **However, studies of accomplished artists and mathematicians, top tennis player and swimmers reported few early signs of promise prior to parental encouragement**, 说明通过对优秀人士的研究,发现他们在受到父母的鼓励之前并没有显露出多少成为优秀人士的潜力。)

- 29. lengthy periods

(录音中提到 **Even those who were believed to be exceptionally talented required lengthy periods of instruction and practice**, 说明极其有天赋的人需要长期的指导与练习。)

- 30. great creative works

(录音中提到 **Opponents of this theory said practice and other factors were no doubt important contributors**

to outstanding performance, but not enough to explain great creative works, 也就是说另一方认为练习和其他因素并不足以解释为什么天才能创作出那么优秀的作品。)

【录音原文】

The notion that geniuses such as Shakespeare, Mozart, and Picasso were “gifted” or possessed innate talents is a myth, according to a study by a British psychologist. After examining outstanding performances in the arts and sports, researchers concluded that excellence is determined by opportunities, encouragement, training motivation, self-confidence, and-most of all-practice. The theory has been applauded by academics worldwide. It has significant implications for teachers and parents, not least because children who are not thought to be gifted are being denied the encouragement they need to succeed. However, studies of accomplished artists and mathematicians, top tennis players and swimmers reported few early signs of promise prior to parental encouragement. No case was found of anyone reaching the highest levels of achievement without devoting thousands of hours to serious training. Even those who were believed to be exceptionally talented required lengthy periods of instruction and practice. Opponents of this theory said practice and other factors were no doubt important contributors to outstanding performance, but not enough to explain great creative works. In the words of David Feldman and Tamar Katzir of Tufts University, Massachusetts, “Talent is essential.”

Part II Vocabulary & Grammar(15 marks)

31. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：在英国，部长由女王任免，首相推荐人选。on one's recommendation 固定短语，表示“在……的推荐下”。

32. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：妈妈总说：一个正直的人必须诚实、公正。这里是泛指，用不定冠词。upright 以元音开头，所以用 an。

33. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：韩国宪法法院一致赞同弹劾总统朴槿惠的提案，朴槿惠成为了韩国历史上第一位被弹劾下台的总统。oust 罢黜；把……撤职。

34. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：《朗读者》节目大受欢迎，3月4日上海图书馆外，200多人被拍到站成一排大声朗读自己最喜欢的诗歌、散文、书籍。throng 指一大群人。A chunk of 一大块，如 a chunk of meat。a deal of 很多，但只能修饰不可数名词，故不能用来修饰 people。a roll of 一卷，如 a roll of film 一卷胶卷。故 C 正确。

35. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：安格鲁撒克逊文学，也就是古英语文学，几乎是唯一的口头诗歌文学，大多数传作者都是未知的。that is 也就是。

36. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：健康专家说预算不足的公立学校如果减少体育课，会给自身带来很大损失。cut back (on) 减少，削减。

37. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：大不列颠土生土长的本地人凯尔特人使用的一些文字和声音，后来融入到了英语中。assimilate 使……融合，同化。故 C 项正确。

38. 【答案】D

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【解析】句意：如果没有合适的文本可供利用的话，就需要老师撰稿并记录下来，但这样会增加这次准备的难度。unavailable 难以获得，不能利用的。detract from 有损，减损。

39.【答案】C

【解析】句意：暂时，政府管理、民众需求和行业自我约束的结合，将会继续影响生意人的行为。for the time being 表示暂时，眼下。

40.【答案】B

【解析】句意：火山爆发太突然，山脚大多数居民都没时间逃脱。so...that...句型中，如果 so.....放在句首，主句需要部分倒装。由 had no time 可知，本句应用一般过去时，因此用 was。

41.【答案】C

【解析】句意：在其他条件相同的情况下，语言天分高的人比语言天分低的人学得更快、更容易。考查独立主格结构。独立主格结构是带有自己主语的非谓语动词分句和无动词分句。一般来说如果逻辑主语和动词之间是主谓关系，用现在分词。如：Time permitting, we will go out to play.一句中，time 和 permit 之间是逻辑上的主谓关系“时间允许”，因此用现在分词。如果逻辑主语和动词之间是动宾关系，并且有被动的意思，用过去分词。如：“More time given, we should have done it better.”一句中，time 和 give 之间的关系是动宾关系，有被动的意思，意为“如果被给更多时间”，因此用过去分词。本题中 all other factors 与 be equal 是主谓关系，因此 be 用过去分词形式。

42.【答案】D

【解析】句意：我们的文学老师在网上越来越红了，可以说，他就是本活字典。as it were 可以说；某种程度上。

43.【答案】B

【解析】根据回答“针对不同的科目我们都有设置的晚课或周末课程”，可知提问者问的应该是“你们有没有非全日制课程？”

44.【答案】C

【解析】根据另一方回答“恐怕没有（不能、不行...）。现在人手短缺。”以及这方的话“你能拜托负责人给我们安排个人加会儿班吗？”可推断出，问得是“你们有备用职员（可以加班）吗？”

45.【答案】A

【解析】由下一句“你是说整个宫殿吗”可推断上一句说的是关于 palace 的。故 C、D 均可排除。B 项“宫殿是智慧的结晶”，与该对话内容无关。A 项“所以皇帝的住所是被禁止进入的”与前半句“皇帝拥有至高无上的权力”自然承接。

Part III Cloze (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

46.to

(play host to 主办.....。这里指的是伦敦用 Chiswick House Gardens 主办第二届年度魔幻元宵节。)

47.theme

(句意：本届魔幻元宵节的_____是“探索丝绸之路”。推断此处应填 theme，表示主题。)

48.artistic

（本次在这个花园举办的元宵节有中国海上将领郑成功曾乘坐船只的仿制品。replica 仿制品。括号中给出 art 这个词，是用来形容 replica 这个词的，所以用其形容词形式 artistic。）

49.horizon

（on the horizon 表示即将发生、到来。此处指趁着春天还未到来，与家人一同出门，享受冬天，享受 3D 元宵节。）

50.which

（which 引导非限定性定语从句，先行词是前面这个句子。）

51.delighted

（visitors 感到开心，用 delighted，表示“感到开心的”。delightful 表示“使人开心的”，逻辑主语一般为物。）

52.passing

（pass 时间的消逝、过去。与 celebration 庆典为主谓关系，所以用现在分词形式。）

53.virtual

（virtual reality 虚拟现实。）

54.exotic

（exotic 有异国情调的。这里形容的是富有异国情调的埃及金字塔。）

55.crowing

（crow 作动词，指（公鸡）鸣叫。此处非谓语动词 crow 与其逻辑主语 rooster（公鸡）为主谓关系，故 crow 用现在分词形式。）

Part IV Reading Comprehension (35 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

【答案与解析】

56.the Victorian Age

（整篇文章说的是维多利亚时代各个时期英国小说的发展状况，包括维多利亚时代早期、中期、晚期。）

57.the English novel

（由第一段最后两句 London became the center of Western civilization...the Golden of the English novel 可知，维多利亚时代是英国小说蓬勃发展的黄金时期。）

58.industrialization and urbanization

（由表格中的 The Early Period of Victorian Age 定位到第一个小标题下段落，由第一段可知维多利亚时代早期英国文学的主题是社会问题，尤其是工业化与城市化。）

59.Humor and satire

（由表格中的 The Mid-Victorian Age 定位到第二个小标题下段落，由第三句 There is a great deal of the use of the humor and satire in the English realistic novels 可知，维多利亚时代中期英国文学多使用幽默与讽刺等手法。）

60.decline

(由表格中的 The Late Victorian Age 定位到第三个小标题下段落, 由第二段首句 The last quarter of the 19th century witnessed not only the decline of the British Empire but also the breakdown of Victorian value standards 可知, 19 世纪晚期大英帝国逐渐衰落。)

Section B (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

61.E 上段段末提到“认真投入的休闲活动”, 再结合后文 It's also a highly social activity, which is a very important component of happiness 它也是一项社会活动……, 推断这段段首很可能要对其进行进一步阐述。所以 E“它会使你感到精力充沛和喜悦”正确。

62.A 横线后出现了代称, 故该段首句必然提到 he 指代的人是谁。上段说到“工作也可以是幸福源泉, 但工作也会带来很大压力”, 而该空后说“他提出‘流’这种概念非常适合于这世界上被肾上腺素驱使的商人”, 再结合 Argyle 教授的理论“长期幸福可以由使你全身心投入的活动带来”, 可以推测这个理论可以解释前文关于“工作也可以是幸福源泉”的理论。A 项“这就是 Argyle 教授的理论起作用的地方”最符合题意。

63.B 横线后“他在最近的一本书中写道”提示该句应是书中的话, 所以一定有双引号。再加上后文讲到人们空余时间更多, 但并没有把空余时间用在能使人有满足感的休闲活动上。所以他一定是指出了这样一个问题。

64.F 由下段 the answer 可知。此处应该是提出了一个问题。且下文讲的是休闲活动的满意度排名。所以可推断出 F 项“如果我们想要得到快乐, 应该考虑哪些休闲活动呢”正确。

65.D 前文讲的是休闲活动的满意度排名, 后文提到“毕竟很多人整天都在工作, 每周末都去滑冰, 可还是在 35 岁时自杀了。”D 项“但是休闲活动的排名难道重要吗?”自然地承接了前后文。

Section C (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

66.Through exposure to it.

(根据第一段第四句 For the moment we may characterize it as the process by which individuals“pick up”a language through exposure to it., 可知个人学习语言的方式是通过接触语言环境。)

67.The language acquisition device (LAD) in their head.

(根据第二段 The big question is...the individual has a machine in the head, an LAD (language Acquisition Device), that does the job for them., 可知小孩子能快速并成功地学会母语的原因是头脑中有语言习得装置。)

68.It is the quickest and most successful instance of language mastery that we know of.

(根据第三段第二句 Newmark and Reibel make the point that L1 acquisition is the quickest and most successful instance of language mastery that we know of. 可知, 纽马克和瑞贝尔认为第一语言习得是目前所知最快、最成功的语言习得范例。)

69.The process of the former is natural and subconscious while the process of the latter is conscious.

(第四段第三句 Acquisition first: he describes this process as a “natural”, subconscious one, where there is no “conscious focusing on linguistic forms” (of the sort that you find in most classrooms). 指出了语言习得的特点。最后一段第一句 Learning, on the other hand, is a conscious process, and it usually takes place in the language classroom. 指出了语言学习的特点。)

70.Error correction and rule isolation.

（最后一段明确说明了语言学习的两个特点，一是老师在课堂上会纠正学生的语言错误，二是会学习语言使用的规则。）

Section D (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

71.the environment

（由第一段第四句 By definition, public art shape the environment of a community. 可知，公共艺术塑造着社区环境。）

72.working conditions

（由第三段第二句 A critical-aspect of this was the struggle by a predominantly Chicano labor union, the United Farm Workers (UFW), for better working conditions in California during the 1960s. 可知，UFW 工会要求有更好的工作环境。）

73.sprayed graffiti

（由第四段第三句 young people caught spraying graffiti on structures in Philadelphia were directed to MAP to work under professional muralists and produce murals that beautified neighborhoods rather than graffiti that defaced them. 可知，在墙上涂鸦的年轻人被要求在专业壁画家的指导下做壁画。）

74.public sculptures

（由倒数第二段首句 Public sculptures in many North American cities express traditional and modern aspects of American-Indian life. 可知，北美城市的公共雕塑展现着美印第安人的传统生活与现代生活方式。）

75.ethnic groups

（由最后一段首句 Countless other ethnic groups have left, and are leaving, their marks on North American public art. 可知，无数民族已经或正要在北美公共艺术上留下了印记。）

Part V Translation (15 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

76. 【参考译文】

许多司机都抱怨上下班高峰时的交通拥堵，但是有些地方的司机怨声会更大。一家全球定位系统生产商称，曼谷连续第二年成为全球晚高峰堵车最严重的城市。交通专家尼克·科恩说，泰国和很多其他在拥堵榜上排名靠前的大城市已成为自身成功的受害者。增长的经济和扩张的人口意味着更多的车辆和通勤者。墨西哥城晚高峰拥堵排名第二，虽然它有广泛分布的地铁系统，但是却没有覆盖到所有人口增长的地区。

Section B (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

77.At least two schools in England have introduced the equipment for constant recording with the consent of local education authorities.

（引进 introduce。）

78.Teachers are advised to turn on the camera during incidents in the classroom to tackle“constant low-level disruption”, but must give notice before doing so.

（被建议 be advised to。处理 tackle/deal with/address。）

79. Footage could also be shared with parents so they will know their children's behavior.

(影像资料 footage。)

80. Over one in 10 believe bodycams will be made mandatory sooner or later in UK schools, The Times poll found.

(民意调查 poll。早晚 sooner or later。)

81. Of the 37.7 percent in favor, some 31.6 percent said they were motivated by teacher and student safety.

(出于对.....的考虑 considering。这里参考译文用 be motivated by 是一种意译, 表示“被.....激发, 驱使”。)

Part VI Error Correction (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

82. big ^ fuss → a

(句意: 一些科学家发现, 现在的家长对孩子的卫生情况太大惊小怪了。make a fuss over/about 对.....大惊小怪。)

83. younster → youngsters

(younster 为可数名词。此处泛指年轻人, 故用复数形式。)

84. 删除 the

(表示倍数的格式之一: A+倍数+as+形容词或副词的原级+as+B, 表示“A是B的多少倍”。倍数前面不加任何冠词。故 the 需删掉。)

85. compare → compared

(本句中的非谓语动词 compare 的逻辑主语是 children who had at least two mild virus infections before their first birthday 即一岁生日前有过至少两次细菌感染经历的孩子, 与 compare 是被动关系, 表示被与.....比较。故用过去分词形式。)

86. √

87. of → for

(reason for 表示“.....的原因”。)

88. establish → established

(establish 为及物动词, it 与 establish 是被动关系, 故用过去分词形式。)

89. which → that

(It is possible that..表示有可能.....)

90. correct → correctly

(此处 correct 修饰动词 develop, 故应用副词形式。)

91. dirt → dirty

(dirty 脏的, 与 muddy 是并列关系。)

Part VII IQ Test (5 marks)

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There are **five** IQ test questions in this part. Write your answers on the **answer sheet**.

92. 【答案】Synonyms: thrive, burgeon Antonym: wither

【解析】thrive、burgeon 都表示兴旺发达、蓬勃发展。wither 表示枯萎；衰落。

93. 【答案】Sap rises from the root of the maple tree in the form of crude sap, a solution of material that is absorbed from soil.

【解析】枫树汁液以粗汁液的形式从枫树根部生成，是枫树从土壤中吸收出的。

94. 【答案】22 and 24

【解析】奇数位置上的数字以 19 开始，+2，+3，+4，+5 形成一个数列。偶数位置上的数字以 20 开始，+2，+4，+6，+8 形成另一数列。

95. 【答案】Weeping willow: Weep means cry, so the willow is "sad".

【解析】weeping willow 是“垂柳”的意思，而 weep 本意为“流泪、哭泣”。所以垂柳是悲伤的。

96. 【答案】B

【解析】每行最后一个图形是前两个图形组合而成的，且第二行的图形与第一行的图形成轴对称。

Part VII Writing (30 marks)

I (10 marks)

【参考范文】

In general, both small engine sedans and SUVs in China increase consecutively from 2015 to 2020. But there are more small engine sedans than SUVs in China. In 2015, Chinese light vehicle engines of higher engine displacement (1.4 litre, 1.5 litre and 1.6 litre) account for more than half of the light vehicle engines in China and those of lower engine displacement make up 10%. In 2020, the percentage of light engines of higher engine displacement decreases to 42% while that of light engines of lower engine displacement rises to 27%. This demonstrates that China is making efforts to reduce the number of light vehicles of higher engine displacement.

II (20 marks)

【参考范文】

"It's while you are patiently toiling at the little tasks of life that the meaning and shape of great whole of life dawn on you." P. Brooks once said. In my view, it means that you will get to know the purpose and meaning of your life in the process of experiencing little things.

My experience of working in a fast food restaurant can be an instance. Once in a summer vacation, I worked in a fast food restaurant for about one month. From then on, I didn't want to do a part-time job as a waiter anymore. I had to stand for nine or ten hours consecutively for a whole day, serving different customers with different temper. Despite the toil, the salary is low and I had to endure the abuse of rude customers. Jobs that demand low level of education and qualification are always tiring and frustrating. So from then on, I realized the importance of education and good academic ground. I know that I must improve my skills related to my major so that I can find a decent and highly-paid job in the future.