

全国大学生英语竞赛 C 类考试 2015 年决赛试题
2015 National English Competition for College Students
(Level C—Final)

(Total:150 marks Time:120 minutes)

Part I Listening Comprehension (30 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

*In this section, you will hear **five** short conversations. Each conversation will be read only **once**. At the end of each conversation, there will be a **twenty-second** pause. During the pause, read the question and the **four** choices marked **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **answer sheet** with a single line through the centre.*

1. What does the man say about the yoga class?
A. He is too thin for yoga practice. B. It is a bit too boring for him.
C. It seems painful to practise yoga. D. He wants to attend a higher level class.
2. What does "she's going to be a basket case" probably mean?
A. She will be gaining weight. B. She will be going crazy.
C. She will find her new job challenging. D. She will look like a container.
3. What do we learn about the man?
A. He has finished the Academic Language course.
B. He is graduating from college in July.
C. He has lived in the school dorm for 10 weeks.
D. He has just found a new place to stay.
4. What was the woman's suggestion to the man?
A. Writing his essay on a different topic. B. Going to the engineering section.
C. Buying the books he wants online. D. Using the library search engine.
5. What does the man think of the university courses?
A. They are too expensive to be affordable.
B. They are too boring to arouse his interest.
C. They are too difficult for him to follow.
D. They are too academic to be of real use.

Section B (10 marks)

*In this section, you will hear **two** long conversations. Each conversation will be read only **once**. At the end of each conversation, there will be a **one-minute** pause. During the pause, read the questions and the **four** choices marked **A, B, C** and **D**, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **answer sheet** with a single line through the centre.*

Conversation One

6. How long is Karen planning to travel?
 - A. For two weeks.
 - B. For three weeks.
 - C. For a whole month.
 - D. She hasn't decided yet.
 7. What kind of travel companion is Karen looking for?
 - A. She must be a woman in her mid-thirties.
 - B. She should be good-tempered like Karen.
 - C. She must be able to speak Spanish.
 - D. She should enjoy looking at the sights.
 8. What does Karen like best on vacation?
 - A. Watching and attending a motorcycle race.
 - B. Going camping and picnicking with friends.
 - C. Travelling around to different destinations.
 - D. Lying around on the beach watching the sun set.
 9. Why could Karen speak good Spanish?
 - A. She took Spanish lessons at college.
 - B. She worked in Spain for quite a long time.
 - C. She used to live in a Spanish-speaking country.
 - D. She has a good Spanish-speaking friend.
 10. How is Karen going to find her travel companion?
 - A. She plans to put an advertisement in public.
 - B. She will ask her travel agency for help.
 - C. She plans to find one among her good friends.
 - D. She will call a former travel companion of hers.
- 



Conversation Two

11. How long did Albert stay with the horse he named Joey?
- A. A few days. B. One month.
- C. Two years. D. Four years.

12. Why did Albert go off to the War?
- A. He had to serve in the army at the age of 16.
 - B. He thought it glorious to serve in the army.
 - C. He was paid to train horses in the British Cavalry.
 - D. He wanted to bring back his beloved horse.
13. Why did Steven Spielberg decide to direct the movie *War Horse*?
- A. He was deeply affected by the story of *War Horse*.
 - B. The writer of the book *War Horse* was his best friend.
 - C. The stage play *War Horse* won a big award in London.
 - D. He wanted to honour those who died in World War I.
14. Which approach did Spielberg take in the film?
- A. The story is told through the thoughts of Joey, the horse.
 - B. Albert and the other characters told the story in the film.
 - C. Albert alone told the story and spoke for Joey all the time.
 - D. Joey was designed to be able to think and speak in the film.
15. What kind of movie is *War Horse* according to Spielberg?
- A. It is a story showing the brutality of World War I.
 - B. It describes the harmonious relationship between man and nature.
 - C. It is a love story between a horse and a young man.
 - D. It describes some survivors' experiences during World War I.

Section C (5 marks)

*In this section, you will hear **five** short news items. After each item, which will be read only **once**, there will be a **twenty-second** pause. During the pause, read the question and the **four** choices marked **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the **answer sheet** with a single line through the centre.*

16. Why is Children's Skiing Day to be held?
- A. To stimulate the business of 15 ski resorts across China.
 - B. To arouse people's interest in and gain their support for snow sports.
 - C. To make preparations for the competition on World Snow Day.
 - D. To train athletes for the 2022 Winter Olympics.
17. Where did the winner of Britain's 2014 Costa Book Awards come from?
- A. Wales.
 - B. England.
 - C. Ireland.
 - D. Scotland.
18. What do Chinese benefit from the agreement between China and Ecuador?
- A. Chinese residents can purchase oil at a lower price in Ecuador.

- B. Chinese investors can make investments in Ecuador without paying tax.
- C. Chinese citizens needn't apply for a visa to enter Ecuador.
- D. Chinese citizens can start businesses wherever they want in Ecuador.
19. What does the new report talk about?
- A. People should be prepared for the risks in the coming decade.
- B. Some possible disasters that may occur in the world in the next 10 years.
- C. Some uncertain events and conditions the world may face in the year 2015.
- D. Our environment is seriously endangered due to the overuse of natural resources.
20. How does the advanced technology contribute to the restoring of a historical building?
- A. It saves the labour in design and repairs.
- B. It shortens the time for measuring various parts of the building.
- C. It makes the building look as old as it used to be.
- D. It increases the building's resistance to earthquakes.

Section D (10 marks)

In this section, you will hear a short passage. There are 10 missing words or phrases. Fill in the blanks with the exact words or phrases you hear. The passage will be read twice. Remember to write the answers on the answer sheet.

When the Mona Lisa was stolen from the Louvre Museum in 1911, (21) _____ around the world claimed that the most famous painting in the world had been taken. It was recovered two years later, after French police solved the mystery of (22) _____. However, many more mysteries still surround the famous painting.



The Mona Lisa is the portrait of a woman from Florence, Italy, painted by Leonardo da Vinci between 1503 and 1506. Despite knowing this information, art historians (23) _____ whom Mona Lisa was. She is suspected to have been Lisa, the wife of a rich Florentine, Francesco del Giocondo. Still, no one is certain of the (24) _____ of the model. Although Leonardo kept notebooks recording the names of the people he painted, there is no mention of this particular woman. Some historians think she may not be a single woman at all; Leonardo may have (25) _____ the features of many women, or simply imagined her.

If you spend some time studying the Mona Lisa, you will begin to understand what makes it so special. First, you will see how alive the woman in the painting appears. It seems that Leonardo (26) _____ that blurred parts of the painting and used softened colours. This makes Mona Lisa's features (27) _____. This can be particularly seen in her

36. _____ before we depart next weekend, we should have a wonderful dinner party with them.
- A. Were they to arrive B. Would they arrive
C. Were they arriving D. Had they arrived
37. _____, we keep records on all the experiments so that we can have enough data.
- A. As a whole B. As a rule
C. On the average D. By no means
38. _____ ill mannered, _____ the laziest and the most irresponsible creature you have ever met.
- A. Not only he is; but also is B. Not only is he; but is
C. Not only is he; but he is also D. Not only he is; but
39. —My goodness, Ellen. I must say you look very nice today. What's the occasion?
—I'm on my way to an interview for that management job. _____ I'll need all the luck I can get.
- You got it! Let me know how things turn out.
- A. Keep your fingers crossed!
B. Why are you shrugging your shoulders like that?
C. Stop winking at me!
D. Look how you're sticking out your tongue!
40. —Ann, how many times must I tell you not to chew gum in class?
—_____. I get nervous when I'm taking an exam, and it calms my nerves.
—It seems to me that if you studied harder you wouldn't get so nervous. Just don't go back to biting your nails, OK?
- A. As you like B. I can't help it
C. Help yourself D. It's a piece of cake

Section B Culture (5 marks)

41. The 2014 FIFA World Cup was the 20th FIFA World Cup, the tournament for the association football world championship, which took place at several venues across Brazil. _____ won the tournament and took its fourth title, by defeating Argentina 1-0 in the final—the same result as the 1990 FIFA World Cup Final.
- A. Brazil B. France
C. Germany D. Spain
42. The _____ is a partially completed complex of buildings, under construction, in Lower Manhattan, New York City, replacing an earlier complex of seven buildings with the same name on the same site. The original featured landmark twin towers were

destroyed in the September 11 attacks of 2001. The site is being rebuilt in memorial to those killed in the attacks, reaching more than 100 stories upon its completion in November 2014.

A. Chrysler Building

B. Empire State Building

C. World Trade Center

D. Rockefeller Center

43. A line of coaches often parking in Baker Street shows the position of _____. Inside they can see life-size wax figures of famous people—politicians, actors, athletes and royalty. They can also see infamous people in the Chamber of Horror.

A. Madame Tussauds

B. the National Gallery

C. the Tower of London

D. Piccadilly Circus

44. While she wrote at least ten adult novels, Harriet Beecher Stowe is predominantly known for her first, _____. Begun as a serial for the Washington anti-slavery weekly, *The National Era*, it focused public interest on the issue of slavery, and was deeply controversial.

A. *Uncle John's Cabin*

B. *Uncle Harry's Cabin*

C. *Uncle Leo's Cabin*

D. *Uncle Tom's Cabin*

45. Patrick Henry (May 29, 1736 – June 6, 1799) was an American attorney, planter and politician who became known as an orator during the movement for independence in Virginia in the 1770s. Henry led the opposition to the Stamp Act 1765 and is remembered for his "Give me liberty, or _____!" speech.

A. give me rights

B. give me death

C. give me penalty

D. give me life

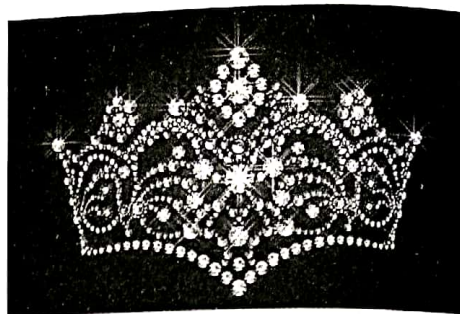
Part III Cloze (10 marks)

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with **one** word. Choose the correct word in one of the following **three** ways: according to the context, by using the correct form of the given word, or by using the given letter(s) of the word. Remember to write the answers on the **answer sheet**.

Diamond is the hardest naturally occurring substance known. It is the most popular gemstone and because of its extreme (46) _____ (hard), it is also used for various industrial purposes. Scientists are still (47) _____ (sure) of the exact process by which diamonds are naturally formed, but it is certain that both extreme heat and enormous pressure are needed. It is, therefore, likely that diamonds were formed far (48) be _____ the Earth's surface where these conditions exist. The first synthetic diamonds were successfully produced in the 1950s, but the best and largest stones are still those created by

nature.

The word “diamond” comes from the Greek “adamas”, which means invincible, but the first definite reference to diamonds occurs in Roman literature of the first century A. D. The diamonds known to the Romans came from India, which was the only (49) _____ (supply) of the stones until the eighteenth century. In 1762, diamonds were discovered in Brazil, and then in 1866 in South Africa, the main source of diamonds in the world today.



The idea that men should give diamonds to the women they (50) _____ is quite new. It was invented in the last century by De Beers, the company that owns the South African diamond mines. The idea that “diamonds are forever” does not hold water either. Although diamonds are very hard, they can be (51) dam _____.

The largest of all known diamonds was the Cullinan. It was (52) disc _____ in South Africa in 1905 and given to Edward VII, king of Great Britain. It was cut into smaller stones, the largest of which—and still the largest cut diamond in (53) _____ (exist)—is called the Star of Africa.

There have been a lot of diamond thefts in recent years, but scientists can now mark stones to show who own them. Usually this mark is (54) _____ (visible), so thieves can't tell if a diamond is marked. (55) O _____ the people who know how to make the mark appear can tell whether a diamond is marked or not.

Part IV Reading Comprehension (35 marks)

Read the following passages. Each passage is followed by several questions. Respond to the questions using information from the passage. Remember to write the answers on the answer sheet.

Section A (5 marks)

Questions 56 ~ 60 are based on the following passage.



Are there really those who are night people and those who are day people, or is that simply a routine that can be changed? Scientists are conducting various studies designed to discover definitive answers to these questions and have come up with some very interesting results.

Approximately 80% of people are in the middle of

the day/night spectrum. They only slightly favour one side or the other and might shift between the two according to circumstances. It is starting to look like the remaining 20% are what could be termed "extremes". Around 10% are extreme night people or ENP, and the other 10% are extreme day people or EDP. The ENP do not achieve their top performance levels until around late afternoon, becoming very alert and productive around six in the evening. The EDP are the complete opposite. They clearly get going in the morning and hit their peak around noon.

All of this is caused by what are called "circadian rhythms" which is basically a 24-hour cycle that governs the transition from waking to sleeping and back again. If someone wants to increase their productivity then it is useful to determine with certainty where they are in this spectrum. But how do they do that? Circadian rhythm works by regulating body temperatures and hormones. The two major hormones are "melatonin" and "cortisol". The former increases just before it is time to sleep and the latter increases just before the first moves back to consciousness. Body temperatures go down through the night, the core body heat at its lowest in the middle of the night, and increase to wake a person up. Therefore, when these chemical changes are occurring helps to determine whether someone is a night person or a day person. So by monitoring those changes scientists are able to determine a person's natural tendencies.

In most people, however, those tendencies are not static. They keep changing as people age and can also be affected by social changes. As people get older they require less sleep so they produce lower amounts of hormone. Travel and work affect how people experience the need for sleep. The demands of the university life are very different from the demands that most middle-aged adults deal with on a day-to-day basis. Ultimately people need to monitor themselves, how they feel and how well they perform. Working at night and sleeping late might work right now, but later it may just turn out to be exactly the reverse.

Questions 56—60

Decide the following statements are true (T) or false (F) according to the passage.

56. The ENP are productive after six in the evening whereas the EDP are most productive at noon.
57. Most people are classified either as extreme day people or extreme night people.
58. Circadian rhythm is a biological rhythm that is more or less synchronized with a 24-hour cycle.
59. Once body temperatures and hormones become natural tendencies they stay the same forever.

60. Burning midnight oil may eventually prove harmful to health.

Section B (10 marks)

Questions 61 ~ 65 are based on the following passage.

Some say college is wasted on the young. So many of us look back at our own college years and realize what we could have done differently to make the most of them. While we can't go back, we certainly can offer our sons and daughters our best advice to help them make the right choices in college. Hopefully, they will have fewer regrets than we do.



Following are five guidelines parents can share with their college-bound kids to put the whole experience in perspective.



(61) _____ That limits our ability to be decision makers who can positively impact our community. So it's on you to change that and make a difference by ensuring your education is your first priority. As soon as you arrive on campus, there will be competing interests. Feel free to check them out but always remember that you are there first and foremost for your education. Go to class prepared and on time. Be engaged during class. Make sure your professor knows you and realizes that you care.

(62) _____ Do what you say you will do and, if you can't, own up to it early and communicate clearly. But being responsible isn't just about meeting your commitments; it is also about taking care of you, your body, and your friends. For example, more than 1,800 college students die annually from alcohol-related injuries. Look out for yourself and other people. Make moderate, sensible decisions so you aren't reeling from the consequences later.

(63) _____ Don't let fear prevent you from taking advantage of them. There may never be so much time or as many resources devoted to your betterment again in your life. Say yes to opportunities that will help you grow.

(64) _____ One of the most powerful growth opportunities is being a mentor. Early on, find someone on campus who you feel can help you grow and develop a relationship with him or her. Also find someone for you to mentor. You will reinforce and enrich your own learning experience by teaching someone else.

(65) _____ Resist that urge. As Jocelyn Negron-Rios, a mother of two, who is

currently completing her degree, advises, "No matter how difficult it seems, keep at it because however insurmountable it feels now multiply that by 10,000 and that is how it feels when you are in your thirties with a full-time job and a family and are trying to pursue a degree."

Questions 61—65

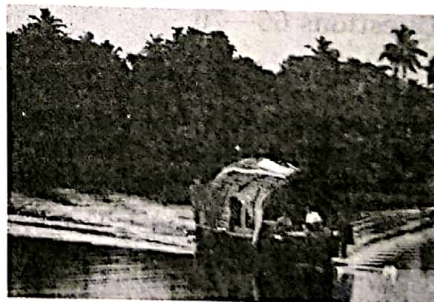
Complete the article with the following sentences. There are **two extra** sentences that you do not need to use.

- A. There are many layers of responsibility.
- B. Some of the best lessons available to us can come outside of the classroom in the form of a mentor.
- C. This could have an enormous social impact.
- D. Only 13% of Latino adults hold a College degree.
- E. In a few decades, parents may be able to choose many genetic characteristics of their children.
- F. Incredible opportunities will present themselves: studying abroad, interning at a unique place, trying new things.
- G. It is natural to occasionally feel you want to quit, when it makes more sense to you to go find a full-time job.

Section C (10 marks)

Questions 66 ~ 70 are based on the following passage.

Some people may choose to live on water for the pleasure and enjoyment of having a home that is different from the homes of most others. Others live on water because they have nowhere else to live. Some people work on or close to the water, so they make their homes nearby. Throughout history, people have lived on water as a protection from enemies, wild animals, and flooding.



In many parts of the Far East, people live on boats. These floating homes are often tied up close together by the banks of large rivers or in a harbor. People can jump up from boat to boat without getting wet. Babies and young children sometimes have a block of wood tied to their backs so they will float if they fall in the water.

Some of the floating homes were sailboats used for fishing. They are now too old to sail, so they are used as houseboats instead. When people go ashore, they walk over a

small wooden bridge called a gangplank which stretches from the boats to dry land. Many houseboats in Kashmir in northern India are wooden houses with more than one story built on a wooden hull. The people that live in these houseboats use smaller boats to row from their homes to shore.

When boat-dwellers migrate from one place to another they often take their homes with them. Many work in their boats as well as eat, sleep, relax, play, and raise their families there.

The Bajau people—often called sea gypsies or pirates—live on boats and travel between islands in Southeast Asia. The Bajau live on small sailing boats called lipas which are less than 26 feet long. A frame of poles, which extends over the sides of the boat, is covered with woven rushes. The boat is kept steady by outriggers, which are long, stabilizing poles at each side.

In the port of Hong Kong, many people live on houseboats. Many families cannot afford to buy houses on land and even some who are wealthy prefer to live on boats. Most boats are now powered by motor, but a few are sailboats. The harbor is crowded with boats, which have canvas or wooden roofs to protect people from the sun. Washing is dried over the flat roofs that are even strong enough to walk on.

A sampan—used as a home by poor people—is a much smaller boat, which can be used for catching fish or as a ferryboat to take people across the water. Sampans often have canvas covers to give protection from rain and sun. In most parts of the Far East, sampans have only one mast, but in the Hong Kong, some have two.

Questions 66—70

Answer the following questions according to the passage.

66. What are the main reasons that people choose to live on water apart from pleasure or work?
67. What do some Far East boat dwellers do to guarantee the safety of their children?
68. Why are the Bajau people called sea gypsies or pirates?
69. Why do a lot of people in Hong Kong live on boats?
70. How do people living on sampans keep themselves from rain and sun?

Section D (10 marks)

Questions 71 ~ 75 are based on the following passage.

When you open the business section of any newspaper at the end of the year, all the reports seem to be about results for the fiscal year. But just like a school year or lunar year, the fiscal year is a little different from the regular calendar year.

A fiscal year is a 12-month period that records the annual financial reports for



businesses, organisations and governments. These records give shareholders and analysts information on how well the businesses are doing. They are also necessary because they help investors and other companies prepare for the future. All this preparation helps the economy continue to run smoothly.

Starbucks Corp. released the record of its fourth fiscal quarter and the full fiscal year, which ended Oct. 1, on Nov. 16. "The record results we reported today for the fourth quarter and the full fiscal year are a testament to the overall health and strength of our global business," commented Troy Alstead, CFO. "The momentum we have built throughout the year continued in the fourth quarter, with the strength of same store sales growth demonstrating that our product innovation and overall store experience are resonating extremely well with our customers. As a result of the strong finish to fiscal 2011, Starbucks entered the new fiscal year well positioned to continue pursuing significant profitable growth opportunities."

The start date of the fiscal year is different in different businesses and countries. So, for example, the U. S. government begins its fiscal year Oct. 1 and the Australian government begins its July 1. Thailand starts its fiscal year in September. The United Kingdom and India have chosen a different fiscal-year system. In these countries, the fiscal year varies from April to March. In China, the fiscal year starts Jan. 2 and ends Dec. 31. France, Italy, Germany, Russia use the same fiscal year as China.

Fiscal years don't always start from January and end in December, however. When a business opens, it decides what month will start its fiscal year. In fact, many businesses don't choose to follow the regular calendar year for their fiscal year because December is usually a very busy time. In the United Kingdom, many companies have continued to use the government fiscal year, which expires March 31, since they privatized. Nonetheless, the fiscal year and calendar year are the same in about over 60 percent of companies in the United States and the majority of businesses in England.

In each fiscal year there are four quarters. Each is three months long and is often called a fiscal quarter. Businesses usually report results for each fiscal quarter as well as annual results for their fiscal year.

Questions 71—75

Complete the summary with words from the passage, changing the form where necessary, with **only one** word for each blank.

A fiscal year is a 12-month period used for calculating financial reports (71) _____ in businesses and other organisations. The reports are made for business people to understand how well they are doing and to prepare for the future. Fiscal years can follow the calendar year, but more often than not, they (72) _____ between countries or companies. The U. S. government begins its fiscal year in October while the Chinese government starts its in (73) _____. In the U. S. and the U. K., the (74) _____ of businesses use the same fiscal calendar as the government. However, some businesses choose to start in a (75) _____ month.

Part V Translation (15 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

Translate the following paragraph into Chinese. Remember to write the answers on the answer sheet.

76. There seems to be little doubt that tourism will continue to grow. The most important question remains: will it be ecologically responsible and sustainable? The responsibility clearly rests with ourselves to care for an environmental and cultural diversity which historically we have used merely to serve our needs—and our needs only. Ecotourism, as a model, process and ethic, offers an opportunity to put respect for our earth into practice in a way that all people can enjoy its beauty and benefits.

Section B (10 marks)

Translate the following sentences into English by using the hints given in brackets. Remember to write the answers on the answer sheet.

77. 只要别太晚, 我不介意你推迟做出决定。 (as long as)
78. 无论讨论什么问题, 你们总能依靠他来结束争论。 (count on)
79. 在地震期间, 由于建筑物倒塌和火灾的发生, 数千人无家可归。 (break out)
80. 一名大学生能否成功取决于他努力的程度。 (名词性从句)
81. 在我们认识的人当中, 你能找出任何像他一样有天赋的人吗? (定语从句)

Part VI Error Correction (10 marks)

Proofread the passage as required. Each indicated line contains a maximum of one error. Correct the passage in the following ways: for a right line, put the sign "✓" in the corresponding

blank; for a wrong word, underline the wrong word and write the correct one in the blank; for a missing word, mark the position of the missing word with the sign “^” and write the word you believe to be missing in the blank; for an unnecessary word, cross the unnecessary word with the sign “/” and put the word with the sign in the blank. Write the answers on the **answer sheet**.

For example:

One of my favorite writers <u>are</u> Charlotte Brontë. She was born in the early	<u>is</u>
nineteenth century when women had far fewer opportunities ^ they have now.	<u>than</u>
She lived in a small village in Yorkshire and she took great pleasure in walking	<u>✓</u>
on the moors <u>where</u> near her home.	<u>where</u>

About one and a half million years ago the climate of the world became much colder. This led to the caps of ice around the North and South Pole 82. _____
 spreading to cover much North America and Northern Europe. Such 83. _____
 periods of cold climate are called ice ages.

The woolly mammoth lived in northern parts of the world among 300,000 84. _____
 and 100,000 years before. It was a favourite prey of Stone Age hunters, 85. _____
 who used its coat for clothes, and the meat as food.

A fully-grown adult woolly mammoth measured 3 meters to the shoulder 86. _____
 and look like an elephant with huge tusks. However, it had a hairy coat 87. _____
 to keep it warm and a fatty hump to provide it for a good reserve of energy 88. _____
 during harsh winters. When the ice ages end and the climate became warmer, 89. _____
 the woolly mammoth did not adopt to the new conditions. It became extinct. 90. _____
 Complete mammoth carcasses have been founded in the frozen ground of the 91. _____
 Siberian tundra in Russia.

Part VII IQ Test (5 marks)

There are five IQ Test questions in this part. Write the answers on the answer sheet.

92. What always ends everything?

93. Complete the following sequence.

A C A E A G A K A M A ?

94. What does “a frog in my throat” mean in the following conversation? Write the meaning in Chinese.

—Hello, Carrie.

—Is that you, Betty? You sound terrible. What’s the matter?

—Oh, I have had the flu. I’m better now except that I still have *a frog in my throat*.

95. Which city is the odd one out?

London

New York

Buenos Aires

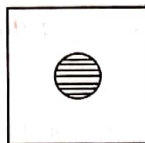
Canberra

Paris

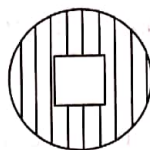
Rome

Moscow

96.



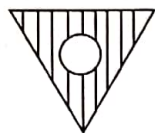
is to



as



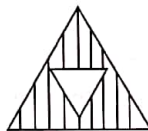
is to



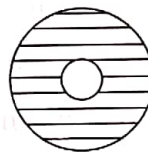
A.



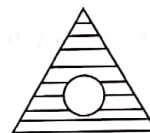
B.



C.



D.



E.

Part VIII Writing (30 marks)

I (10 marks)

An international magazine has asked for articles about festivals from different countries. Write an article about a Chinese festival which you think would be of interest to international readers.

*Write the article in 120 ~ 140 words and write it on the **answer sheet**.*

II (20 marks)

Just as the great ancient storyteller Aesop's fable goes, "United we stand, divided we fall". Cooperation is quite important in this competitive society.

*State your opinions on this topic in 160 ~ 180 words. Write the answer on the **answer sheet**.*



We can't spell SUCCESS without "U"