

2016 年全国大学生英语竞赛 D 类初赛试题详解

Part I Listening Comprehension (30 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

1. 【答案】B

【解析】录音中男士 Steve 自己提到 "I've just passed my driving test!" 由此可知, Steve 高兴是因为他通过了驾照考试。故选 B 项。

【录音原文】

W: Hello, Steve. You're looking very pleased with yourself.

M: Yes, I am! I've just passed my driving test!

W: Well done!

2. 【答案】C

【解析】录音中当男士问女士 Laurel, 假期是否可以两个人一起去时, 女士回答到 "Yes, I'm taking my mum." 由此可知, Laurel 将和自己的妈妈一起去度假。故选 C 项。

【录音原文】

W: Guess what, Jim. I've won a holiday to Florida.

M: Oh, Laurel. Lucky you! Is it a holiday for two?

W: Yes, I'm taking my mum.

3. 【答案】A

【解析】录音中女士问男士 Richard, 他开飞机时遇到的最危险的天气状况是什么。有关键词 "fly a plane" 可知 Richard 是一名飞行员。故选 A 项。

【录音原文】

W: Hi, Richard. Could you tell me what weather condition is the most dangerous when you fly a plane?

M: Probably the most dangerous weather condition is when the wind changes direction suddenly. This tends to happen during thunderstorms and typhoons and it's especially dangerous during take-off and landing.

4. 【答案】D

【解析】录音中男士不断提出建议, 但是最开始女士都给予了否定, 最后, 男士提议要不要一起看电视, 对此女士表示同意。由此可知, D 项正确。

【录音原文】

M: Well, it's a beautiful day. Why don't we go for a walk?

W: No, I don't feel like it. I'm too tired.

M: You need to get out. Let's go shopping!

W: Oh, no! I'd rather do anything but that.

W: OK, shall we see what's on television?

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M: That's a good idea.

5. 【答案】C

【解析】录音中，男士说道，"I'd love to, but I'm not sure how I could help."由此可知，男士虽然想去，但是不确定如何来帮忙。由此可知，C 项正确。

【录音原文】

W: I'm so glad it's Friday. Are you going to help us at the Pet Day event tomorrow?

M: I'd love to, but I'm not sure how I could help. I don't know much about animals.

W: You don't need to. We're just trying to find good homes for the animals.

Section B (10 marks)

Conversation One

【答案与解析】

6.C 录音中开头部分，Stuart 就提到"we're going out to eat and then catch a movie."并邀请 Amy 一起。由此可知，Stuart 计划和朋友一起外出吃饭，并且看一场电影。C 项正确

7.A 当 Stuart 邀请 Amy 一起参加活动时，Amy 一开始给予了拒绝，"I'd love to, but I have to cram for a test tomorrow."由此可知，Amy 得为明天的测试做准备。由此可知，A 项正确。

8.B 录音后面部分，Stuart 提到"And it's Sara's birthday, too. And we're throwing her a small birthday party after the movie."由此可知，他们最后的一项活动是为 Sara 开生日派对。故选 B 项。

9.D 录音后面部分，Amy 最终同意了 Stuart 的邀请，之后 Stuart 对 Amy 说提到"I'll pick you up at 6:00."由此可知，Stuart 会来接她。因此 D 项正确。

10.A 录音最后，Amy 对 Stuart 强调说，"See you then, but I have to be back by 10:30."由此可知，她想在十点半的时候回家。因此 A 项正确。

【录音原文】

Stuart: Amy, so how're you doing?

Amy: Oh, hi, Stuart. School is so crazy these days, and when I'm not at school, I'm at work.

Stuart: Hey, listen. I'm getting together with Sara and Paul tonight, and a few of our other friends are going to join us. Oh, and, well, we're going out to eat and then catch a movie. Why don't you come with us?

Amy: Hey, I'd love to, but I have to cram for a test tomorrow.

Stuart: Ah, come on. We're planning on having dinner around 6:30 and then seeing a movie at 7:30. We should be home by 10:30... 11:30 at the latest. Come on!

Amy: I don't think I'd better. I haven't been feeling well lately.

Stuart: Yeah, because you study too much. And it's Sara's birthday, too. And we're throwing her a small birthday party after the movie. Come on. Best friends always stick together.

Amy: Oh. OK

Stuart: Great. I'll pick you up at 6:00.

Amy: OK. See you then, but I have to be back by 10:30.

Stuart: Ah, 10:30... Midnight. It's all the same. See you at 6:00.

Conversation Two

【答案与解析】

11.B 录音中 Mark 一开始就提到"Personally, I don't like London. It's too busy and too expensive."由此可知, Mark 认为伦敦太繁忙, 花销太大。因此选 B 项。

12.D 录音中 Mark 提到"My favourite place is in the North of England.It's called the Lake District."由此可知, 他最喜欢的地方是湖区。故选 D 项。

13.A 录音中当 Mark 提到 Peter Rabbit 时, 对方反应过来, "Yeah, the fairy tale."接着, Mark 补充到, "That's right. The children's character, "由此可知, Peter Rabbit 是童话里的一个角色。故选 A 项。

14.D Mark 介绍了在湖区可以做的一些活动, 并提到"it's not such a big area, so you can travel around there by bus, or by car."因此 D 项正确。录音中提到湖区位于英格兰北部, 因此 A 项错误。B 项和 C 项均未提到, 排除。

15.B 录音最后 Mark 补充了一些景点。比如 Yorkshire 的 York 城、Stratford-upon-Avon 和 Oxford。B 项 Cambridge 没有提及, 故选 B 项。

【录音原文】

TODD: OK, Mark, we've been talking about places that you're travelled, things that you have done.What about people that go to your country, England? Can you recommend three or four good places to go to in England?

MARK: Well, obviously, most people should visit London.Personally, I don't like London. It's too busy and too expensive.

TODD: But, wait a minute, you're saying that people should visit it but you don't like it.Why?

MARK: They should visit it because you have to go once to see all the famous places.such as Big Ben, Trafalgar Square, Buckingham Palace, just to say you've been. My favourite place is in the North of England.It's called the Lake District.

TODD: The lake District.

MARK: Yeah, it's very, very beautiful. Famous for Peter Rabbit. Do you know Peter Rabbit?

TODD: Yeah, the fairy tale.

MARK: That's right. The children's character.Yeah.The writer, Beatrice Potter, was born in the Lake District, so that's how she got her inspiration.

TODD: So if you go to the Lake District, now are you talking about camping or do you stay in a bed-and-breakfast?

MARK: Yeah, you can stay in a bed-and-breakfast.You can camp.You can stay in pubs or inns, or there are many hotels. It's very organised for the tourists in the Lake District. And it's not such a big area, so you can travel around there by bus, or by car. Pretty easy.

TODD: OK.Any more?

MARK: The city of York in Yorkshire is very beautiful.That was famous for the Vikings in the old days, so it has a beautiful big cathedral and all the old Viking walls. So if you like history then England is a beautiful place to visit.You have Stratford-upon-Avon for Shakespeare, and Oxford which is a famous old university city.

TODD: OK, well. Sounds good.Thanks, Mark.

Section C (5 marks)

【答案与解析】

16.C 听力短文一开始,就提到了"says John Sailike, sadly",并且紧接着引用 John 的话解释为什么 John 会悲伤, "When I leave the island.I'll lose the sea and the happiness of this place.I'll miss the sound of the waves at night...won't hear it anymore."也就是说 John 一旦离开岛,就会想念这个地方,也就是说,他不想离开岛。因此选 C 项。

17.D 本题为推断题。短文最后提到岛民们"have songs for different everyday activities, and traditions and celebrations linked to the sea.They also have their own language."再结合 John 对家乡的岛依依不舍的感情,可以推断,岛民们热爱着自己的文化。

18.A 短文中以 John 的家庭为例介绍了该处岛屿上岛民以前的生活,其中提到, "This peaceful, underdeveloped place has a tiny population and only one contact with the outside world",由此可知,岛上的生活简单宁静,故选 A 项。

19.B 短文接着介绍了岛上现在面临的很多问题,并且明确提到 "Carteret Island is the victim of global warming."由此可知,全球变暖造成了岛上出现的相关问题。因此 B 项正确。

20.B 短文后面部分提到岛民们不得不重新安置到 Bougainville 等地,并提出设问句"what will happen to their culture?"通过短文最后一句的回答"If they co-exist with other cultures, this may die out."可知,他们的文化传统最终将消失。B 项符合听力原文,故选 B 项。

【录音原文】

"When I was a little boy, I loved to go fishing in the sea, "says John Sailike, sadly."When I leave the island, I'll lose the sea and the happiness of this place. I'll miss the sound of the waves at night...I won't hear it anymore."

John is a fisherman from Carteret Island in the South Pacific. Each day, he goes out in a canoe to catch fish for his family, while his wife looks after the children and grows vegetables in their garden.The family lives in a wood hut with sand floors and they don't use electricity, so when the sun goes down it is usually time for bed.This peaceful, underdeveloped place has a tiny population and only one contact with the outside world—a ship which brings supplies from Bougainville, a large island 6 km away. But all this is about to change, because John, along with other people, is leaving his island home.

Carteret Island is the victim of global warming. Salty water from the sea is polluting the fresh water supply. High tides often flood across the villages and wash away people's homes. Islanders are struggling to survive on coconut milk and fish, and children are suffering from malnutrition. The dying trees are home to mosquitoes that spread diseases. People know that life on the island is coming to an end.

Experts predict that Carteret Island will be under water in the near future. Before then, the islanders will relocate to places like Bougainville and rebuild their lives. This move will provide people with food and shelter, but what will happen to their culture? The islanders have songs for different everyday activities, and traditions and celebrations linked to the sea. They also have their own language. If they co-exist with other cultures, this may die out.

Section D (10 marks)

*In this section, you will hear a short passage. There are **10** missing words or phrases. Fill in the blanks with the exact words or phrases you hear. The passage will be read **twice**. Remember to write the answers on the **answer sheet**.*

【答案与解析】

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21.from place to place

（根据录音，此处表示到处去旅游。from place to place 各处，到处。）

22.in front of

（空格部分应该填入介词与后面的 the camera 一起构成介词短语，作该句子的状语。根据录音，空格处填入 in front of，表示“在……前面；当着……的面”。）

23.great fun

（空格处位于 was 的后面作表语，表示 Matt 对这个主意的想法或态度。根据录音，空格处填入 great fun，表示“很有趣”。）

24.grew

（分析本句句子结构可知，本句缺少谓语动词，因此空格处应该填入动词作谓语。根据录音，这里填入 grew，表示想法“不断成熟”。注意使用了 grow 的过去式。）

25.Gradually

（根据录音，空格处填入副词 Gradually，意思为“渐渐地”。注意首字母大写。）

26.millions of

（根据录音，这里表示“Matt 滑稽跳舞视频被数百万人观看”，millions of 数百万的……。）

27.contacted

（根据录音，本句意思为“一个口香糖公司联系了 Matt”。空格处与前面 was 构成被动语态，填入 contacted。注意这里使用了动词 contact 的过去分词形式。）

28.orphans

（根据录音，这里表示“卢旺达的孤儿”，因此填入 orphans，注意使用了名词的复数形式。）

29.joy and community

（根据录音，这里表示一种“欢乐和社团”的感觉。填入 joy and community。）

30.join in

（空格处与前面的 to 一起构成不定式，persuade sb.to do sth.说服某人做某事。根据录音，这里表示说服人们加入他。空格处填入 join in。）

【录音原文】

In 2003, Matt Harding, a video game designer working in Australia, decided to leave his job and travel around Southeast Asia with his friend Brad. Like most people travelling from place to place, they took photos and filmed short video clips of the places they visited. One day in Hanoi, Brad suggested that Matt do a silly dance in front of the camera. Matt, thinking the idea was great fun, agreed and from there, the idea grew. Matt made a video showing his silly dances all around the world and put it onto his blog. Gradually, more and more people began to talk about him. Matt's bad dancing video, watched by millions of people, became an Internet sensation. Matt was contacted by a chewing gum company. They loved his clips and wanted him to make a video for them. In 2006, Matt made a round-the-world tour sponsored by the company. But this time, something changed. Matt performed his silly dance in Rwanda. He inspired some Rwandan orphans watching him to dance, too. Suddenly, Matt had a new mission. He didn't want to dance around the world, he wanted to dance with the world. Matt's new videos made in 2008 and 2012 have a sense of joy and community. They show crowds of people dancing and laughing together. In each place, he tried to learn new dances and persuade people to join in with him. Matt says, "It helps to remind people that we're all the same and we don't need to be so afraid of each other."

Part II Vocabulary, Grammar and Culture (15 marks)

Section A Vocabulary and Grammar (10 marks)

31. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：如果你能够发送给我一些关于你们学校夏季课程的信息，我将不胜感激。grateful 感谢的；令人愉快的。ambitious 野心勃勃的；有雄心的。generous 慷慨的，大方的；宽宏大量的。careful 仔细的，小心的。

32. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：和 Bill 一起生活很有趣。我们不久就发现我们很多的相似之处，并很快成为了亲密的朋友。have a lot/something in common 有许多/一些共同之处。at large 详尽的；整体上。at will 随意；任意。in advance 预先，事前，提前。

33. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：《哈利·波特与火焰杯》在其发售的第一天仅在英国就卖出了 37.2775 万本，这使其成为了历史上最畅销的书。分析句子结构，逗号后面为非限制性定语从句，因此第一个空格填入 which。in history 在历史上。

34. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：据报道，有人闯入那所房子被闯入，很多东西都被偷走了。分析句子结构，It was reported 使用了过去时态，而房子被闯入、东西被偷发生在报道之前，因此需要使用过去完成时态。

35. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：Vanessa-Mae 成为了皇家音乐学院最年轻的一员，她的努力终于有了回报。pay off 付清；收到效果；取得成功。take off 脱掉；拿掉。turn off 关掉，关上。set off 出发；引起。

36. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：一项新的报道称，就餐时是否感到享受并不取决于你吃的东西，而在于你吃饭的地方。cope with 处理，应付。take notice of 注意到；留意。give rise to 使发生，引起。depend on 取决于；依赖。

37. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：假如 Alice 接受了她妈妈的建议，她就不会犯这样的错误。本题考察虚拟语气，是对过去事实的虚拟。因此 if 引导的从句使用了过去完成时态，而主句使用了“would+have+过去分词”的形式。

38. 【答案】E

【解析】句意：Smith 一家在做了所有的准备后，启程去巴黎过新年。本句的逗号前面为非谓语动词做状语，A 项排除。主语是 the Smiths，因此非谓语动词应该使用主动语态，排除 C 项。由于准备已经完成，因此需要使用完成时态，故选 B 项。

39. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：——早上好，Gennaro 先生，请坐。——谢谢。——到这里来你有遇到什么问题吗？——没有，这里很容易找到。我昨天就确认好了。空格后面的答语首先使用了表示否定的 No，由此推测空格处为一般疑问句的提问，故排除 A 项和 D 项。根据句意，C 项符合语境。

40. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：——您好，这里是 Dawson 先生的办公室。——您能帮我接通 Dawson 先生吗？——恐怕他今天不在这里。你想留言吗？——不用了，谢谢。空格后面提到“恐怕他今天不在这里”，分析四个选项

的句意，只有 B 项符合。

Section B Culture (5 marks)

41. 【答案】B

【解析】Renaissance 指的是“文艺复兴”，即复兴古代希腊、罗马文化。文艺复兴的核心思想为人文主义精神，提倡应以人为中心而不是以神为中心，肯定人的价值和尊严。

42. 【答案】C

【解析】莎士比亚的四大喜剧为：《仲夏夜之梦》（*A Midsummer Night's Dream*）、《皆大欢喜》（*As You Like It*）、《第十二夜》（*Twelfth Night*）、《威尼斯商人》（*The Merchant of Venice*），《哈姆莱特》（*Hamlet*）为莎士比亚的四大悲剧之一，四大悲剧还包括《奥赛罗》（*Othello*）、《李尔王》（*King Lear*）、《麦克白》（*Macbeth*）。

43. 【答案】C

【解析】美国历史上第一所高等教育学府——哈佛学院于 1636 年在马萨诸塞州的查尔斯河畔建立。1780 年，即美国建国后的第四年，已经有了 140 多年历史的哈佛学院成为了哈佛大学。

44. 【答案】A

【解析】对于感恩节的由来，最普遍的说法是 1621 年在马萨诸塞州登陆的清教徒和当地的印第安人共同举行秋收盛宴，感谢印地安人的帮助。1789 年，美国时任总统华盛顿首次宣布当年的 11 月 26 号星期四为全国感恩假日。

45. 【答案】D

【解析】诺贝尔奖中国籍获得者目前只有两位，一个是 2015 年诺贝尔生理学或医学奖得主：屠呦呦。另一个是 2012 年诺贝尔文学奖得主：莫言。

Part III Cloze (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

46. highlighted

（本文第一、二段描述了一个表演场景，根据上下文可知，这里描述的是过去发生的事情，需要使用过去时态。因此本空格填入 highlighted。）

47. in

（本题考察固定搭配，in praise of “歌颂，赞扬”。这里指表演者歌颂他们的母亲河黄河及尼罗河。）

48. instruments

（根据 played 和 musical 可知，这里指他们演奏传统的乐器。注意 instruments 使用了复数形式。）

49. entitled

（分析句子结构，空格处为非谓语动词作后置定语修饰前面的 The event，句子的谓语动词为 marked，entitle “称做……；定名为……”，这里指被定名为《两个伟大的文明：对话》，所以需要使用过去分词形式 entitled。）

50. first

（根据上下文语境，这里指埃及是第一个承认中华人民共和国的阿拉伯和非洲国家。因此填入序数词 first。）

51.who

（分析句子结构可知，空格处引导定语从句修饰 President Xi Jinping，主句的谓语为 stressed。空格处充当定语从句的主语，又由于先行词为人，因此填入 who。）

52.attention

（pay attention to 注重，重视。这里指注重文化交流。）

53.oldest

（根据上下文语境，这里指中国和埃及作为两个最古老的人类文明。因此空格处填入表示最高级的 oldest。）

54.between

（根据句意，这里指两个国家之间的文化交流，因此填入介词 between。）

55.throughout

（根据上一句中提到的 "the cultural year" 可推测，本句指全年会举行 100 多个文化项目，涉及娱乐、音乐、电影、展览、艺术和图书发布。throughout the year 全年；一整年。）

Part IV Reading Comprehension (35 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

【答案与解析】

56.F 第一段第一句中提到，Carl Churchill 把自己描述为 "a normal 19-year-old"，由此可知，他认为自己很普通，因此本题表述错误。

57.F 根据第二段第一句 "The Rich List 2020 is a list of twenty young people who are expected to make a lot of money by 2020." 指的是有可能挣大钱的二十个年轻人，这只是一种预测或期望，因此本题表述错误。

58.T 文章第四段介绍了 Carl 付出的努力，其中第二句提到 "It involves long working days"，即他需要工作很长的时间，因此本题表述正确。

59.F 文章倒数第二段第二句提到 "我们之前犯过一些错误，但是现在一切都运行得不错"，由此可知，现在并不是困难时期，因此本题表述错误。

60.T 文章最后一段第二句提到 "Well, I don't go out a lot like some of my friends"，由此可知，他的社交生活并没有他朋友的多，因此本题表述正确。

Section B (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

61.E 空格前面一段最后一句指出 "对青少年的歧视很普遍，并且通常被忽视"，空格后面一句的主语使用了 They，并且提到 "They"，把青少年描述为懒惰、傲慢和愚笨。再结合后面提到的 articles、stories，可知，E 项中提到的 "Journalists" 与空格后面的 "They" 相呼应。同时 E 项填在此处符合本段主题，因此本题选 E 项。

62.B 空格后面提到了 Some（有些人），并且说有些人更进一步，甚至限制他们的行为。由此可知，空格处应该也是对青少年的歧视，但是程度轻一些。B 项中的 "As a result" 承上启下，而且 "mistrust" 表现了对青少年的歧视，因此 B 项符合该处语境。

63.A 空格后面一句使用了表示转折的 but，并且指出这种言论并不正确，实际上，四分之三的 shoplifters 为成年人。A 项 "为了证明他们的行为合理，商店店主们声称青少年更有可能在商店偷东西" 符合本段语境。

64.G 空格后面提到对于 “this low figure (这一很低数据)”媒体并不太感兴趣。G 项中出现了数据“10%-20%”, 填在此处符合本段语境, 因此本题选 G 项。

65.C 空格后面提到了“它另一个更加重要的任务是报道事实”, 通过后文可知, 这里的它指的是媒体。由此可推测, 空格处是关于媒体的一个任务。C 项“另一方面, 媒体不仅仅是为了获得商业利益”符合题意, 因此本题选 C 项。

Section C (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

66.Young people's taste buds are not ready for their bitter taste.

(文章第一段第一句提到, "young people's taste buds are not ready for the bitter taste of some vegetables."也就是说, 他们的味蕾还不能接受某些蔬菜的苦味, 这也是他们不喜欢某些蔬菜的原因。)

67.From our prehistoric ancestors who ate a lot of sweet fruit.

(文章第一段第三、四句提到, "In fact, most of us do, just like our prehistoric ancestors.They ate a lot of sweet fruit", 由此可知, 我们对于甜味的喜爱起源于我们史前的祖先。)

58.Girls have more sensitive taste buds and can differentiate flavours more easily, while boys prefer stronger, more extreme flavours.

(第二段最后两句提到, 男孩和女孩并不一样, "Girls have more sensitive taste buds and can differentiate flavours more easily, especially sweet and sour, while boys prefer stronger, more extreme flavours."由此可知, 女孩的味蕾更加敏感, 很容易区分不同的口味, 而男孩更喜欢强烈极端的味道。)

69.It transports the taste of the food to our taste buds.

(文章第三段提到第一句中提到"when we eat it, the saliva transports its taste to our taste buds."由此可知, 唾液能够把味道传给味蕾。)

70.Some of the taste disappears too.

(根据第三段最后一句"When the cooking smells disappear, so does some of the taste."可知, 当做饭时的味道消失后, 一些味道也消失了。)

Section D (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

71.consider

(根据第一段第一、二句和第二段一、二句可知, 当一个人体重过重时, 我们会认为这个人是肥胖的(obese)。)

72.measuring

(第二段中间部分提到, "Most people still rely on their weight measurement to tell them if they are overweight or obese.There are problems with this method, however."由此可知, 通过体重来分辨是否肥胖是测量肥胖的一种方法, 这种方法存在一定问题。)

73.telling

(文章第二段指出仅仅通过体重不能准确地分辨是否肥胖, 因此第三段介绍了分辨是否肥胖的新的方法, 本题填入 telling。)

74.height

(文章第三段提到了测量肥胖的新的方法, 其中第二句提到提到, "BMI is a person's weight (in kilograms) divided by the square of his or her height (in metres)." 由此可知, BMI 同时考虑了体重和身高的因素。因此本题填入 height。)

75. useful information/information

(文章最后一段提到了 BMI 测量方法的一些优点, 其中倒数第二句提到, "Though BMI is a general measurement, it still gives useful information." 由此可知, BMI 可以提供关于身体的一些有用的信息。)

Part V Translation (15 marks)

I 【参考译文】

在全球化时代, 英语能力比以往任何时候都重要。鉴于英语技能对职业成功的重要性, 越来越多的父母让孩子尽早开始学习英语。在一些国家, 幼儿园英语教学已成为一种常见的景象。对于一些教育家而言, 教低龄儿童学外语这一趋势令人担忧。他们质疑过早让孩子接触外语是否会对母语产生有害影响。

【解析】

①句式结构

本段落的句式结构较为简单, 翻译时基本采用顺译的原则。其中第一句考查比较句型的翻译。第二句中使用了 with 结构作伴随状语, 相当于: With English skills being key to professional success。第三、四句中均使用了现在分词结构作主语。最后一句中 question 为动词, 表示“质疑”, 后面接 whether or not 引导的宾语从句。

②重点词汇

globalization 全球化

be key to...是……的关键

professional success 职业成功

a common sight 一种常见的景象

have a harmful effect on 对……产生有害影响

native language 母语

II 77. 【答案】Given the importance of sleep, how can we make sure that we have a good rest and stay/keep healthy?

【解析】given 后可直接跟名词或代词, 译为“考虑到”或“鉴于”, “确保”译为 make sure, 后面接从句。“保持健康”译为 stay/keep healthy。

78. 【答案】Many Americans are worried about their safety because of the high crime rate.

【解析】because of 后面接名词或代词。“高犯罪率”可译为 high crime rate.

79. 【答案】When faced with a problem, she will immediately try to work out a solution.

【解析】“遇到”可使用短语 be faced with, “找出解决方案”可译为 work out a solution.

80. 【答案】Studies find that teenagers who have good reading habits were more likely to be successful.

【解析】“具备良好阅读习惯的”作为定语, 在翻译时可考虑译为定语从句, 使之更符合英文的表达习惯。“有可能”译为 be likely to。

81.【答案】I wish that I hadn't been so selfish, just thinking about myself.

【解析】该句表示的是对过去事实的假设，所以要使用过去完成时。“考虑”译为 think about。

Part VI Error Correction (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

82.take→taken

(根据该句中的 have 和 ever 可知，该句使用的是现在完成时，故 take 应使用其过去分词形式 taken。)

83.on→with

(在这里表示某人的一个特点，比如发型等，使用介词 with。)

84.a→an

(innocent 为以元音字母开头的单词，所以应使用冠词 an。)

85.much→more

(what's more 为固定用法，表示“另外，而且”，故应将 much 改为 more。)

86.√

87.√

88.for→against

(protest against 表示“反对，对……提出抗议”。)

89.If→Unless

(Unless 引导条件状语从句，含有否定意思。这句话表示的是“除非你购买你已经拍下的出版物，不然他们不会赚得什么利润。”故应将 If 改为 Unless。)

90.Fortunately→Unfortunately

(这里表示的是很不幸，我们大多数人倾向于只是把它放回架子上，所以应将 Fortunately 改为 Unfortunately。)

91.∧ careful→be

(该句为祈使句，careful 为形容词，应在其前面加上系动词 be。)

Part VII IQ Test (5 marks)

92.【答案】y

【解析】填入 y 后，前一个词为 many，后一个词为 yard。

93.【答案】rest

【解析】该句中单词 are 的后两个字母为 re，后面单词 stored 的前两个字母为 st，这四个字母组成单词 rest。

t	i	m	e	r
r		o		e
e		t		a
a		o		c
t	o	r	c	h

94. 【答案】

【解析】所给单词为字母 o，根据所给单词可知，该处可填入 torch 或 motor。观察所给单词，并没有以 m 结尾的，由此可知，最后一行单词为 torch。根据第一列最后一个字母 t 可知，第一列单词为 treat。根据最后一列最后一个字母 h 可知，最后一列应填入 reach。根据第一行的字母 t 和 r 可知，第一行单词为 timer，因此只剩下第三列单词 motor。

95. 【答案】C

【解析】另外四幅图中，两两图形中的圆点数量相同，但颜色恰好相反，即 A 和 D 相对应，B 和 E 相对应。故排除 C 项。

96. 【答案】Class 7.

【解析】分析题目所给的信息可知，4 班和 7 班的课程相同，都有音乐、法语和数学课。

Part VIII Writing (30 marks)

I 【参考范文】

My school chooses to give the money to Friends of the Earth. No one, regardless of race, religion or nationality, can deny that the world we live in is becoming increasingly intolerable because of the environmental pollution. There are different kinds of pollution, such as water pollution, air pollution and noise pollution and so on. It seems that we live on a planet which is full of pollution. Friends of the Earth aims to solve our environmental problems. The money donated to them can be used to protect our environment and benefit us all. Therefore, we decide to give the money to them.

II 【参考范文】

I think being my own boss is a better choice. First, all of the most successful business people in the world are their own bosses. With a successful business, our potential to gain more money is much higher than working for someone else. Second, to be my own boss, I can make my own schedule. I can go on vacations whenever I want while the other person working for someone else has to be at work whether he or she likes it or not. If my business is very successful and well organised, I don't have to stay in the office all day long so that I can have more time with my family. Third, as a boss, I can make my own decision. I can decide how to market my product. To be my own boss gives me the freedom to be myself. I will have the opportunity to pursue my dream and ultimately to be the master of my own destiny. Therefore, I choose to be my own boss.

2016 年全国大学生英语竞赛 D 类决赛试题详解

Part I Listening Comprehension (30 marks)

Section A (5 marks)

1. 【答案】D

【解析】录音中 David 提到"I hope the trains are running on time.", 由此可知, 他要乘坐火车, 故答案为 D 项。

【录音原文】

W: Bye, David! Good luck with the interview!

M: Thanks, I'll need it. I hope the trains are running on time. If I'm late for the interview, I'll be furious with myself.

W: Just stay calm. Call me when you can.

2. 【答案】D

【解析】录音中女士提到"He was walking to work yesterday when a car knocked him over.", 可知, Johnson 没有来上班是因为昨天被车撞了, 故答案为 D 项。

【录音原文】

W: Johnson isn't at work today.

M: Why? What's up with him?

W: He was walking to work yesterday when a car knocked him over.

3. 【答案】A

【解析】录音中 Angela 提到她六年前看了一个关于女子拳击的电视节目, 从而对拳击产生了兴趣, 因此 A 项正确。

【录音原文】

W: Angela, how did you get interested in boxing?

M: I saw a documentary about women boxing in America six years ago. It was a little television programme about an hour long. I watched the programme and it changed my life.

4. 【答案】C

【解析】录音最后男士提到"I will have to search the Internet to see what kind of food they may like.", 所以他将要上网搜索他们可能喜欢的食物, 由此可知, 接下来男士要打开电脑, 故选 C 项。

【录音原文】

M: Where were you, Annie?

W: I just went to say hello to our new neighbours. They are from Hawaii. They don't speak much English, but I invited them over for a barbecue tomorrow night.

M: Oh! That'll be interesting. I will have to search the Internet to see what kind of food they may like.

5. 【答案】B

【解析】对话中男士建议女士"so take some time to get to know the village you are staying in before you start to explore the famous sights", 所以男士建议在参观伦敦之前要对当地的历史有所了解, 故选 B 项。

【录音原文】

W: So, Steven, what advice would you give to someone visiting London for the first time?

M: It's often said that London is a city of villages, for example, Hampstead, even Chelsea were all villages in the past, so take some time to get to know the village you are staying in before you start to explore the famous sights.

W: What's the one thing you should do or see?

M: Outdoors: walk up the Parliament Hill—there you get the best view over the city. Indoors: the British Museum.
Section B (10 marks)

Conversation One

【答案与解析】

6.D 对话中男士提到"they're organizing a company basketball team, and I'm thinking about joining.", 由此可知, 他想要加入 company basketball team, 故选 D 项。

7.A 录音中女士提到"Look, I just don't want you having a heart attack running up and down the court.", 即女士担心的是男士的心脏病, 即他的健康问题, 因此 A 项正确。

8.C 男士不想放弃加入篮球队, 于是女士建议他"you ought to at least have a physical before you begin", 即让他先去体检, 故答案为 C 项。

9.B 接着女士建议他"And you need to watch your diet and cut back on the fatty foods", 即让他注意饮食, 少吃油脂食品, 故选 B 项。

10.A 对话最后女士提到"And you should take up a little weight training to strengthen your muscles.", 由此可知, 女士建议他进行举重训练是为了让他加强肌肉力量, 故选 A 项。

【录音原文】

M: Honey, the basketball game is about to start. And could you bring some chips and a bowl of ice cream? And a slice of pizza from the fridge.

W: Anything else?

M: No, that's all for now. Hey, honey, you know, they're organizing a company basketball team, and I'm thinking about joining. I was the star player in high school.

W: Yeah, twenty-five years ago. Look, I just don't want you having a heart attack running up and down the court.

M: So, what are you suggesting? Should I just abandon the idea? I'm not that out of shape.

W: Well ... you ought to at least have a physical before you begin. I mean, it has been at least five years since you played at all.

M: Well, okay, but...

W: And you need to watch your diet and cut back on the fatty foods, like ice cream. And you should try eating more fresh fruit and vegetables.

M: Yeah, you're probably right.

W: And you should take up a little weight training to strengthen your muscles.

Conversation Two

【答案与解析】

11.B 对话中女士提到"My favorite drink is Diet Coke.", 由此可知, 她最喜欢的饮料是健怡可乐, 故选 B 项。

淘宝店铺: <https://shop499712503.taobao.com/> 店主旺旺: 慧园文化

12.C 录音中女士在解释中国餐馆经常会提供乌龙茶的原因时提到 "There have been studies that prove that oolong tea does contribute to weight loss", 即喝乌龙茶有助于减轻体重, 故答案为 C 项。

13.A Adrienne 在对话中提到 "but I thought green tea had a lot of caffeine in it", 由此可知, Adrienne 不认为绿茶是最好的茶, 是因为绿茶含很多咖啡因, 故答案为 A 项。

14.D Lisa 在对话最后提到 "the drink that has the most caffeine is English tea", 因此含咖啡因最多的是英国茶, 故答案为 D 项。

15.A 录音中 Lisa 提到 "Oolong tea also has anti-oxidants", 由此可知乌龙茶含有抗氧化剂, 之后她又提到 "Green tea, also, I think it has more anti-oxidants", 因此绿茶和乌龙茶中都含有抗氧化剂, 故答案为 A 项。

【录音原文】

Adrienne: So, Lisa, what is that you are drinking?

Lisa: Oolong tea. Iced oolong tea.

Adrienne: Is it your favorite drink?

Lisa: It's not really my favorite drink. My favorite drink is Diet Coke. I love Diet Coke, but a couple of years ago, I was drinking only Diet Coke and starting to realize that that probably was not the healthiest thing for me to be drinking, so I switched to oolong tea.

Adrienne: What are the benefits?

Lisa: So there is a couple of benefits. One benefit which I really like is that it absorbs fat. There have been studies that prove that oolong tea does contribute to weight loss, and that's why if you go to a lot of Chinese restaurants they'll always serve tea with the meal and most likely it's oolong tea. Oolong tea also has anti-oxidants, which are cancer fighting and make it so much healthier for you, so it fights fat and cancer.

Adrienne: So now you only drink oolong tea?

Lisa: Well, in my research on the healthiest drink. I also found that green tea was even healthier than oolong tea, so now I drink oolong tea, green tea, and always a bit of Diet Coke.

Adrienne: So what are the benefits of green tea?

Lisa: Green tea, also, I think it has more anti-oxidants. And they did a study of green tea and found that people who drink green tea lost more weight than people who weren't drinking green tea, so anything that either absorbs fat and contributes to weight loss is a drink for me.

Adrienne: OK, but I thought green tea had a lot of caffeine in it, so I thought actually that green tea was maybe not the best tea to be drinking.

Lisa: That's what a lot of people think actually. In fact, the drink that has the least amount of caffeine is actually green tea and that is because it's not processed. The leaves are just dried. Then the drink that has more caffeine is oolong tea because the leaves are semi-processed. The next drink that has more caffeine is coffee actually, but the drink that has the most caffeine is English tea.

Section C (5 marks)

【答案与解析】

16.B 录音中 David 提到 "I learned my survival skills while I was in the army", 由此可知, 他的生存技能是在军队学到的, 故答案为 B 项。

17.A 录音中提到 "My real aim for this school is to help people discover nature and outdoor life, and also to learn to have fun.", 由此可知, 他到该学校上学的真正原因是帮助人们探索自然和户外生活, 并学会享受其中, 故答案为 A 项。

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18.C 在讲述关于费用问题时，录音中提到"This course costs £139 per person."，即这门课程一个人花费139 英镑，因此两人为 278 英镑，故选 C 项。

19.B 关于极限生存课程的时间，录音中提到"our extreme survival course takes place between November and February"，由此可知，该课程在 11 月到 2 月之间开设，故选 B 项。

20.D 录音最后提到"there are discounts for groups of 4 or more"，由此可知，四人或以上组团会有折扣，故答案为 D 项。

【录音原文】

Good evening and thank you for coming to find out about the Hillside Survival School. My name's David Johnson. I started the school and I'm the school's chief instructor. I learned my survival skills while I was in the army and since then I've used them all over the world.

Before starting the Hillside Survival School, I worked in other well-known survival schools. My real aim for this school is to help people discover nature and outdoor life, and also to learn to have fun. We run a variety of courses but our basic survival course lasts a weekend and takes place throughout the year. This course teaches you the basic skills that you need to survive in the wilderness, and during the course you have a lot of opportunities to practice these skills. This course costs £139 per person.

If you want an even bigger challenge, our extreme survival course takes place between November and February when the conditions are more difficult. These courses also last for a weekend and costs £149 per person.

The extreme survival course teaches you to survive in a cold and wet environment. The course offers you the chance to push yourself, both physically and mentally. No tents, no gas cookers, just you and the wilderness. You learn to find and prepare food and cook it over an open fire. You learn to build a shelter and then you actually sleep in it. Most importantly, you learn a lot about yourself and how well you can cope with unexpected situations.

A few final practical details. You have to be at least 18 years old to come on the courses. The full cost of the course needs to be paid at least 4 weeks before the course begins and remember that there are discounts for groups of 4 or more.

Section D (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

21. anxiety

（该录音主要是关于 culture shock，开始时提到"The term *culture shock* was introduced...to describe the anxiety produced when a person moves to a completely new environment"，由此可知，它讲的是一个去完全陌生的地方产生的焦虑感，故应填入 anxiety。）

22. sets in

（录音中提到"The feeling of culture shock generally sets in after the first few weeks of coming to a new place."，也就是说在刚到一个新的地方前几周的时候，文化冲击就会出现，故应填入 sets in，要注意第三人称单数形式。）

23. physical and emotional

（录音中提到"We can describe culture shock as the physical and emotional discomfort a person suffers when..."，即文化冲击是人们感受到的身体和情绪的不适感，故应填入 physical and emotional。）

24. origin

（录音中提到"when coming to live in a place different from the place of origin"，感受到文化冲击是因为来到一个和以前不同的地方，故应填入 origin。）

25. banking machines

(录音中提到"not knowing how to use banking machines", 指的是不知道怎样使用银行的机器, 故应填入 banking machines。)

26.so forth

(录音中列举了一系列与以往不同的状况, 最后 and so forth 表示“等等”, 故应填入 so forth。)

27.symptoms

(录音中提到"The symptoms of culture shock can appear at different times.", 即受到文化冲击的症状会出现在不同的时期, 故应填入 symptoms。)

28.perspectives

(录音中提到"it is also an opportunity for growing and learning new perspectives", 也就是文化冲击虽然会给人带来痛苦, 但也使人获得成长和新的启示, 故应填入 perspectives, 要注意使用其复数形式。)

29.stimulate

(录音中提到"Culture shock can help people develop a better understanding of themselves and stimulate personal creativity.", 即文化冲击能够帮助人们更好的了解自己, 激发个人创造力, 故应填入 stimulate。)

30.ongoing

(录音中提到文化冲击可以分为五个阶段, 而且“Each stage can be ongoing, or appear only at certain times.”, 即文化冲击在每个阶段某一时间会继续存在或出现, 故应填入 ongoing。)

【录音原文】

The term culture shock was introduced for the first time in 1958 to describe the anxiety produced when a person moves to a completely new environment. This term expresses the feeling of not knowing what to do or how to do things in a new environment. The feeling of culture shock generally sets in after the first few weeks of coming to a new place.

We can describe culture shock as the physical and emotional discomfort a person suffers when coming to live in a place different from the place of origin. Often, the way that we lived before is not accepted or considered as normal in the new place. Everything is different, for example, not speaking the language, not knowing how to use banking machines, not knowing how to use the telephone and so forth.

The symptoms of culture shock can appear at different times. Although, a person can experience real pain from culture shock; it is also an opportunity for growing and learning new perspectives. Culture shock can help people develop a better understanding of themselves and stimulate personal creativity.

Culture shock has many stages, more precisely, five stages. Each stage can be ongoing, or appear only at certain times.

Part II Vocabulary, Grammar and Culture (15 marks)

Section A Vocabulary and Grammar (10 marks)

31.【答案】B

【解析】句意: 我认为政府应该提高烟草税, 这可能会阻止更多的人吸烟。the tax on cigarettes 表示“烟草税”, 故正确答案为 B 项。

32.【答案】C

【解析】句意: 你不练习一门语言的时间越长, 你的语言能力就会降低的越多。diminish 表示“减少, 降低”符合句意, 故应选 C 项。

33. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：尽管期末考试成绩很重要，学生应该记住，课堂参与也是他们成绩的一部分。although 表示“虽然，尽管”，as if 表示“好像”，通常所引导的从句的谓语动词多用虚拟语气，表示所叙述的情况与事实相反。now that 意思和 since 接近，表示“既然，由于”，故答案为 D 项。

34. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：请把你的外套挂起来。不要放在椅子上。hang up 表示“挂上，挂住”，符合句意。turn off 关上。put off 推迟。dress up 打扮；装饰。故答案为 C 项。

35. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：到周五的时候她就会已经完成这篇文章，并会用邮件把它发给我。根据句子后面的时间状语 by Friday 和表将来的 will，可知周五是将来时间，所以这里应使用将来完成时，表示在将来某一时间以前已经完成的动作，故应选 A 项。

36. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：我的姐姐是唯一一个我可以与之聊天的人，她经常把她所看到的告诉我。第一个句子中，表示“和某人聊天”使用 talk to sb.，所以在引导定语从句时，要使用 to whom。第二句中，主语缺少直接宾语，从句中缺少宾语，所以应填入 what，故答案为 D 项。

37. 【答案】A

【解析】句意：你为什么总和你哥哥吵架？你们就不能在任何一点上达成一致吗？argue with 表示“与……争吵，争论”，agree about 表示“对……有相同的看法；就……取得一致意见”，故应选择 A 项。

38. 【答案】D

【解析】句意：如果你学习更努力些的话，你可能已经通过了考试。因为这是已经发生了的事情，因此表示的是对过去事实的假设，因此从句应使用过去完成时，故选 D 项。

39. 【答案】B

【解析】句意：——你是什么星座？——摩羯座。——你会看你的星座运势吗？——有时会看，不是因为特别相信它，而是因为它就在那里。read horoscope 表示“看星座运势”，符合句意，故答案为 B 项。

40. 【答案】C

【解析】句意：——贝拉。你能帮帮我吗？——帮什么？——我想发一封邮件。但我不确定要怎么做。——没问题。该处是在向贝拉寻求帮助，give sb. a hand 表示“给予某人帮助”，符合语境，故应选 C 项。

Section B Culture (5 marks)

41. 【答案】B

【解析】加拿大的官方语言为英语和法语，即 English and French，故应选择 B 项。

42. 【答案】C

【解析】在英国 bank holidays 指的是“法定假日，（银行）公假日，公众假日”，故 C 项正确。

43. 【答案】A

【解析】高尔夫起源于苏格兰，在 17 世纪就开始兴起，故应选择 A 项。

44. 【答案】D

【解析】新西兰面积大小与英国差不多，故应选择 D 项。

45.【答案】B

【解析】中国北京赢得了 2022 年冬奥会的主办权，故应选择 B 项。

Part III Cloze (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

46.recording

（该句中主句为"its German version was launched in late November, 2015", 句子结构完整，所以 record 在句子中为非谓语，应使用其现在分词形式，故应填入 recording。）

47.or

（空格前后表示的是该杂志的两种状态，且有单词 either，故应填入 or，构成 either...or 结构，表示“要么……要么……”。）

48.achievement (s)

（分析句子结构可知，空格处在句中作主语，且有形容词性物主代词 its 修饰，故应填入 achieve 的名词形式 achievement (s)。）

49.redesigned

（该空格修饰的是 journal，因为杂志是被重新设计，过去分词表被动，所以用使用 redesign 的过去分词形式 redesigned。）

50.especially

（空格前提到了当代作家所作的诗，空格后则突出强调 young and new voices，再结合所给首字母，可知，该处应填入 especially，表示“特别，尤其”。）

51.Besides

（短文前一段讲的是英文版本，该段转而介绍最新的德语版本，所以 besides“此外，而且”，起到承上启下的作用，较为恰当。）

52.including

（空格前提到多语言版本在将来将会扩展到 15 种语言，空格后则列举了西班牙语、阿拉伯语、韩语，因此前后存在包含关系，故应填入 including。）

53.publishing

（该处表示的是杂志的出版，且结合首字母提示可知，应使用动词 publish，该空位于介词 through 之后，故应填入 publishing。）

54.with

（share with sb.表示“与某人分享”，故应填入介词 with。）

55.translated

（空格处修饰的是 Chinese literary works，且给出的动词是 translate，因为文学作品是被翻译，故应使用其过去分词形式 translated。）

Part IV Reading Comprehension (35 marks)

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Section A (5 marks)

【答案与解析】

56.F 根据原文第一段第一句"Mozart was a child genius—he wrote musical notes before he could write words and began composing music when he was four years old."可知，莫扎特在四岁时就表现出其音乐天赋，故题于表述错误。

57.T 原文第二段第二句提到"Mozart's sister, Mara Anna, was also a brilliant musician."，由此可知，莫扎特的姐姐 Maria Anna 也是有才华的音乐家，故题干表述正确。

58.T 文章第二段最后一句提到"But thanks to the travels, Mozart learned fifteen different languages."，莫扎特通过旅行学会了 15 门语言，由此可推知，他非常具有语言天赋，故题干表述正确。

59.F 第三段中间部分提到"He composed very quickly and wrote huge amounts of music—more than 600 pieces in all"，由此可知，他的作品数量巨大，题干与之相反，故表述错误。

60.F 文章最后一段提到，一位陌生人找到莫扎特，让他作曲 *a Requiem or a Mass for the Dead*，其中讲到"As Mozart composed the piece, he had a vision that he was writing music for his own funeral."，因此莫扎特只是幻想这是为自己而作的曲子，故题干表述错误。

Section B (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

61.G 选项 G 中 deep, long-lasting happiness 承接上文，继续讲幸福的来源，然后突出强调 intangible things 来引起下文，下一句中的 One essential factor is human relationships，是对该词组的近一步具体化解释，故 G 项为正确答案。

62.C 该段强调的是要经常性的做好事，慷慨付出，也就是要懂得付出与索取，C 项恰当的概括该段内容，故答案为 C 项。

63.B 该段主要讲的是健康的重要性以及如何保持健康，而 B 项中“健康是幸福的另一个重要因素，这不足为奇”恰当的概括该段，故选 B 项。

64.E 空格后有 If so，由此可推知前面应该是一个问句，故 E 项恰当，且 E 项中 Talking of sleep 承接上文，因此 E 项为正确答案。

65.F 该段讲的是睡眠不足带来的危害，F 项提到疲倦会影响幸福度，使人心情变差。空格后的 it 指代的的就是该句中的 tiredness，接着论述它的危害，故应选 F 项。

Section C(10 marks)

【答案与解析】

66.She is taking part in a huge national event./She is taking part in a sponsored run for Sport Relief.

(文章第一段第三句提到"Sophie is taking part in a huge national event that raises money for people in the UK and abroad—a sponsored run for Sport Relief."，由此可知她是通过参加一个大型的全国性的活动，也就是参加 Sport Relief 资助赛跑来为需要的人筹款。)

67.Marathons, football matches, talent shows and baking competitions.

(根据文章第二段中"These events include marathons, football matches, talent shows and baking competitions"可知，这些活动包括马拉松、足球比赛、才艺表演以及烘焙大赛。)

68.They donate money or volunteer time.

(根据文章第二段最后一句中"more than three quarters (79%) of people donate money or volunteer time

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every month."可知，人们进行慈善主要是通过捐钱或花时间参加志愿活动。)

69.Through the Internet and globalisation.

(最后一段第二句提到"69% of teens are aware of the needs of others thanks to the Internet and globalisation",即青少年是通过网络和全球化来了解别人的需求。)

70.More than/Over a third of the nation's teenage population.

(最后一段倒数第二句提到"In the UK more than a third of teenagers have given time to charities in the last year.",即英国去年有超过三分之一的青少年参加了慈善活动。)

Section D (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

71.communicate

(短文第一段第三句提到"This is Netspeak: the language of computerized communication found on the Internet, instant messages, and text messages on mobile phones.",即 Netspeak 是年轻人在网上交流所使用的语言,故应填入 communicate。)

72.(more) good

(短文第三段提到"the phenomenon of Netspeak and writing on the Internet, they claim, is actually doing more good than harm.",由此可知,语言学家认为 Netspeak 利大于弊,故应填入 (more) good。)

73.encourages

(第四段最后提到"He points out that through personal home pages and blogs...which encourages young people to write more than ever before, and improve writing.",由此可知,它能够鼓励年轻人书写,提高他们的书写质量该句主语为 it,故应填入 encourages。)

74.develop

(文章倒数第二段提到"...languages do not and cannot become"corrupted", they simply develop to meet the needs of each new generation.",即语言不会变坏,它只会发展,来迎合每一代人的需要。)

75.standard/proper

(根据文章最后一段"Children have to be taught their language and learn standard writing skills...but that learning to write proper English is vital for their career or future study"可知,孩子应该在学校学习标准的书写技巧,故应填入 standard 或 proper)

Part V Translation (15 marks)

176.【参考译文】

对于大学生来说,经济来源是有限的。要想把钱用好,你就应该关注自己的消费习惯。记录钱的去向是减少不必要开支的好办法。许多人惊奇地发现,通常是诸如零食和咖啡之类的小额花费占了他们预算的一大块。一旦你知道钱都花在了什么地方,下一步就是做一个现实的开支计划并坚持按其执行。

【解析】

①句式结构

该段句式结构简单,多数采用顺译即可。倒数第二句中的宾语从句中包含了强调句型 it is...that...,调的内容是诸如零食和咖啡之类的小额花费。最后一句中, making a realistic spending plan and sticking to it 在句中作主语,其内容较多,在进行翻译时,可适当调整语序,将 the next step 调整为主语,更符合汉语的表达习惯。

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②重点词汇

make the most of 充分利用

keep track of 记录；了解

keep a record of 记录

take a big bite out of 占据大部分（费用）

stick to 坚持

II 77. 【答案】What impressed me most was her sudden appearance.

【解析】impress 意为“给……以深刻印象；使铭记”。该句主语为可译为 what 引导的主语从句 what impressed me most。

78. 【答案】It took Jim a long time to get over his illness

【解析】“花时间做某事”可以使用句式 it took sb.sometime to do sth.。“病魔”翻译为 illness 即可。

79. 【答案】Sleep is not only related to how we feel the next day, but (also) to our long-term health.

【解析】“不仅……而且……”可以使用 not only...but (also) ...。“第二天”翻译为 the next day。“长远健康”可译为 long-term health。

80. 【答案】Instead of going to the cinema, I usually watch the movies I like on the Internet.

【解析】“而不是”可以使用 instead of 表示。

81. 【答案】Many immigrants often worry about where they will live in the new country.

【解析】该句子翻译时要包含宾语从句，分析句子结构可知，移民的忧虑即为句子的宾语，可译为宾语从句。“移民”翻译为 immigrants。

Part VI Error Correction (10 marks)

【答案与解析】

82.other→others

（这里表示的是“改善别人的生活”，other 在这里表示“其他的，别的”，应使用其复数形式 others）

83.删除 for

（benefit 为及物动词，后面直接跟 sb，表示“使某人受益”，因此应删除 for。）

84.great→greater

（根据该句后面出现的 than 可知，该处使用了比较级，因此应将 great 改为其比较级 greater。）

85.that→who

（that 前面的 those 指代的是人，所以在引导定语从句时，应使用表示人的关系代词 who。）

86.regular→regularly

（该词用来修饰动词 volunteer，故应使用副词，所以要将 regular 改为 regularly。）

87.is→are

(系动词前面的主语为 health benefits, 为复数形式, 故系动词也应为复数形式, 所以将 is 改为 are。)

88.√

89.make→making

(enjoy doing sth.喜欢做某事。所以 enjoy 后面的动词 make 应改为 making。)

90.well ∧ mentally→as

(as well as 表示“也, 又”, 这里表示的是“抑郁不仅会在身体上, 也会在精神上使我们变得虚弱。”)

91.most→least

(这里表示的是一年至少要指进行志愿工作 100 小时, 而不是最多 100 小时, 故应将 most 改为 least。)

Part VII IO Test (5 marks)

92.【答案】t

【解析】括号内填入 t 后, 前一个单词为 lost, 后一个单词为 tray, 符合题目要求。

93.【答案】ease

【解析】该句中单词 tea 的最后两个字母是 ea, 后面一个单词 served 前面两个字母是 se, 将其组合起来形成单词 ease。

t		f		l
o		u		a
w	i	n	d	s
e		n		e
l	a	y	e	r

94.【答案】

【解析】根据所给字母 a 可知, 最后一行单词为 layer 或 laser, 如果填入 laser, 那第三列最后一个单词为 s, 故第三列单词为 winds, 所以第一行第三个字母为 w, 由此可知, 第一行的单词为 towel, t 因此位于一行一列, 可知需要两个以 t 开头的单词, 不符合题目要求, 故排除。所以最后一行为单词 layer。所以一列最后一个字母为 l, 故第一列的单词为 towel。第三列最后一个字母为 y, 故第三列单词为 funny。最后一列最后一个字母为 r, 故最后一列单词为 laser, 因此剩下第三行的单词为 winds。

95.【答案】D

【解析】每一行中, 两个方格中黑色圆点数量相减, 即可得到最后一个方格中黑色圆点的数量。白色圆点数量相减, 即可得出最后一个方格中白色圆点的数量。

96.【答案】2=Whites, 3=Blues, 4=Greys, 5=Greens, 6=Blacks

【解析】根据题目中的信息可知, Greys 居住在 Blacks 和 Whites 之间, 他们都在偶数一边, 由此可以确定 4 号为 Greys。因为 Greens 住在 Blacks 的对面, 所以 Blacks 只能是 6 号, 即 Greens 为 5 号。最后剩下 Whites 和 Blues, 数字 2 和 3, 题目中提到 Blues 房子的数字比 Whites 高, 所以 Blues 为 3, Whites 为 2。

Part Ⅷ Writing (30 marks)

I 【参考范文】

One of my wonderful journeys is climbing up Mount Tai. In order to watch the sunrise, we have to reach the top of the mountain before six o'clock. It took us about five hours to get there. I had never watched the sunrise before, so I was too excited to feel exhausted. An hour later, the sun gradually appeared on the horizon. The rise of the sun is one of the greatest feasts of nature. And Mount Tai is surely a celebrated vantage point from which to watch the sunrise.

II 【参考范文】

Behind every great achievement in anyone's life lies perseverance. We see this in every human endeavor. Outstanding sportsmen spend all their time practising. Perseverance surely is very important in our way to succeed.

However, the central premise is that we make the right decision and go to the right direction. If we choose the wrong way, perseverance makes us suffer great loss and we may not be able to recover after the setback.

Therefore, on the one hand, we should be well aware of the importance of perseverance. On the other hand, we must fully prepare in making our decisions. Once we have made up our mind, we need to take a step by step approach to accomplish everything until we achieve our final goal.